

# SUNSET

IN ENGLISH

You Can ... do it.

Primary 4



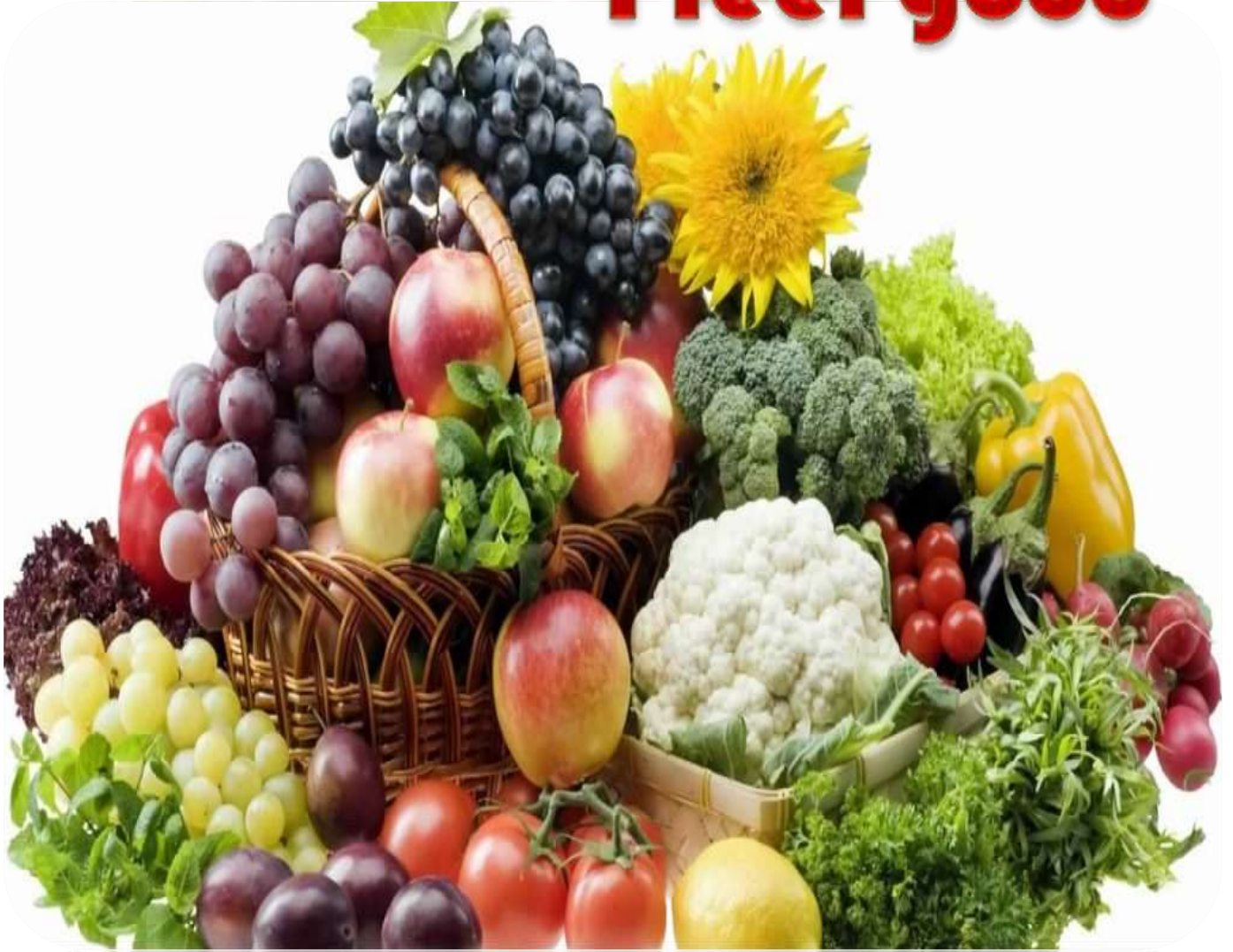
Name:.....

*Mr. Mohamed Gad Sadaka.*

*01092786381*

# UNIT 1

**I feel good**



*Mr. Mohamed Gad*

*01092786381*

# Lesson 1

## Food and drinks

### Vocabulary

#### الوجبات:

breakfast	الافطار	lunch	الغداء	dinner	العشاء
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#### المنتجات:



Chicken

دجاج



rice

أرز



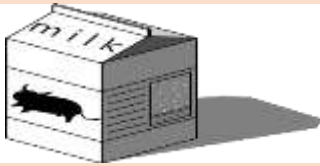
grapes

عنب



bananas

موز



milk

لبن



mangoes

مانجو



onions

بصل



sugar cane

قصب سكر



potatoes

بطاطس



watermelon

بطيخ

#### Other vocabulary

ready	جاهز	country	دولة
special food	طعام خاص	Farmers	فلاحون
delicious	لذيذ	produce	ينتج
table	منضدة	think	يعتقد





grow

يزرع

raise

يربي

## Verbs

present

past

make

يصنع

made

come

يأتي

came

eat

يأكل

ate

## Expressions

It looks delicious!

أنه يبدو لذيذ

Do you think?

هل تعتقد؟

That's right!

هذا صحيح

What else?

ماذا ايضا؟

Let's eat!

هيا نأكل

Yum!

لذيذ

## Reading

Mum: Lunch is ready. I made some special food for us.

Maged: Mom, it looks delicious!

Mum: Which food comes from our country, do you think?

Maged: I think we grow rice in Egypt.

Mum: Yes, that's right. What else?

Maged: Hmmm, I think we raise chicken in Egypt.

Mom: Yes and tomatoes and onions.  
Egyptian farmers produce many things you see in this table. Let's eat!

Maged: Yum!





## Situations

ready + الوجبة

عشان تقول ان الاكل جاهز

1

Lunch is ready. الغداء جاهز

Breakfast is ready. الافطار جاهز

Dinner is ready. العشاء جاهز

عشان تقول ان الاكل لذيذ ( هتقول واحدة من الاتنين دول )

2

- It looks delicious! إنه يبدو لذيذ

- Yum! لذيذ

عايز تقول حاجة وأنت مش متأكد منها ابدأ كلامك ب **I think** بمعنى أنا اعتقد

3

- I think + الحاجة الي عايز تقولها

I think we grow rice In Egypt. أنا أعتقد أننا نزرع أرز في مصر.

I think we raise chicken in Egypt. أنا أعتقد أننا نربي الدجاج في مصر.

عايز تقول يلا بينا نعمل حاجة اكتب **let's** وخط بعدها الفعل الاساسي ف المصدر

4

let's eat. يلا ناكل

Let's drink tea. يلا نشرب شاي

Let's go out. يلا نخرج

تدريب: فكر وأكتب خمس حجات بنزرعها في مصر في خمس جمل:

Think and write five things we grow in Egypt in five sentences:

.....

.....

.....



## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- I ..... some special food for us.
- 2- It looks .....
- 3- We grow ..... rice in Egypt.
- 4- We ..... chicken in Egypt.

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- We have ..... in the afternoon.  
(breakfast - lunch - dinner)
- 2- I ..... raise chicken in Egypt.  
(think - eat - come)
- 3- Let's ..... some chicken.  
(eat - eating - eats)
- 4- We have break fast on the .....  
(Chair - floor - table)
- 5- Lunch is .....  
(ready - read - country)

### 3- Choose the odd word:

- 1- bananas - grapes - Sunday - mangoes.
- 2- milk - fish - tea - water.
- 3- raise - grow - eat - rice.
- 4- Do - What - Which - Where.

#### 4- Read and put true (✓) or false (X):

I'm Omar. My mom made some special food for us. It looks delicious. My mom told me that we grow rice, tomatoes and onions in Egypt. We raise chicken in Egypt. Egyptain farmers produce many things you can see on your table.

- 1- Omar's mom made some special food. (     )
- 2- We raise lions in Egypt. (     )
- 3- We grow bananas in America. (     )
- 4- We grow onions in Egypt. (     )
- 5- The food looks delicious. (     )

#### 5- look and Write a paragraph of four (4) sentences:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



#### 6- Punctuate the following sentence:

i have dinner with my friend ahmed on sunday.

.....



## Lesson 1

## The Digestive System

## Vocabulary

بعض اجزاء الجسم

esophagus

المرئ



mouth

فم



stomach

معدة



liver

كبد



small intestine

الامعاء الدقيقة



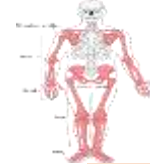
large intestine

الامعاء الغليظة



teeth

أسنان



body

جسم

Other vocabulary

fats	دهون	water	ماء
salt	ملح	remove	يزيل
digest	يهضم	chew	يمضغ
liquid	سائل	nutrients	عناصر غذائية
need	يحتاج	gastric juice	عصارة المعدة

Verbs

## present

## past

drink	يشرب
take	يأخذ

drank  
took



## Expressions

go from ..... to

ينتقل من .... الي

move from ..... to

ينتقل من .... الي

take out

يخرج

go down

ينزل

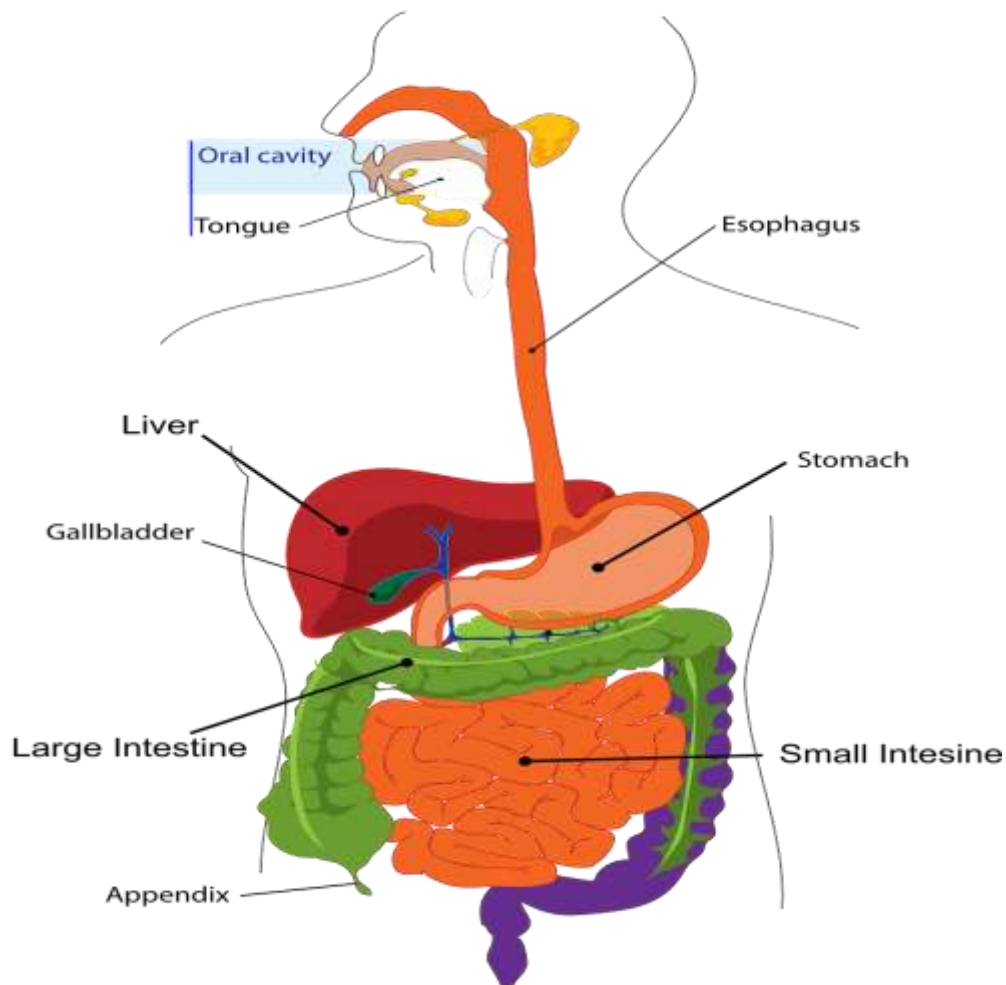
## Science lesson

### The digestive system

### الجهاز الهضمي

The digestive system: Digests what we eat and drink.

الجهاز الهضمي: يهضم ما نأكله ونشربه.





## \* Stages of food digestion:

## مراحل هضم الطعام:

1- we put food in our mouth.

١- نحن نضع الطعام في فمنا.

2- We chew food with our teeth.

٢- نحن نمضغ الطعام بأسنانتنا.

3- Food goes down the esophagus.

٣- ينزل الطعام من المريء.

4- The food arrives in the stomach.

٤- يصل الطعام داخل المعدة.

5- In the stomach the food mixes with the gastric juice.

٥- في المعدة يختلط الطعام بالعصارة المعدية.

6- This liquid changes the food into energy and nutrients.

٦- هذا السائل يحول الطعام الى طاقة ومواد غذائية.

7- Food moves from the stomach to the small intestine.

٧- ينتقل الطعام من المعدة الى الامعاء الدقيقة.

8- The Food moves from the small intestine to the large intestine.

٨- ينتقل الطعام من الامعاء الدقيقة الى الامعاء الغليظة.

9- The large intestine takes water and salt from food for the body and removes waste.

٩- تقوم الامعاء الغليظة بامتصاص لماء والاملاح المفيدة للجسم من الطعام كما تتخلص من الفضلات.

The esophagus goes from mouth to the stomach

المريء يأتي من الفم الى المعدة

We need the energy and nutrients in our body.

نحن نحتاج هذه الطاقة والمواد الغذائية لأجسادنا.

The large intestine is around the small intestine.

الامعاء الغليظة تحيط بالامعاء الدقيقة.





## Grammar

## The present simple tense

## زمن المضارع البسيط

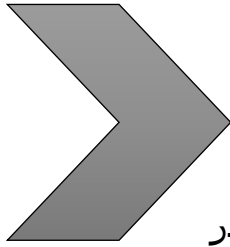
الاستخدام: يستخدم للتعبير عن - عادات - تكرار - حقائق

التكوين:

الفاعل + الفعل في المصدر  
 الفعل بإضافة (s)

I  
We  
You  
They

اسم جمع

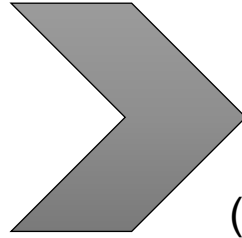


play  
eat  
drink  
have

اي فعل في المصدر

He  
She  
It

اسم مفرد



plays  
eats  
drinks  
goes

أي فعل في آخره (s)

I play Football.

She likes rice.

.....

.....

.....

.....

يلا فكر وحل معايا

أنا ألعب كرة القدم.

هي تحب الارز.

هو يشرب الشاي.

نحن نأكل الموز.

أنت تلعب تنس.

أحمد لديه كتاب وقلم.

Choose the correct answer:-

1- I (drink - drinks - drinking) water in the morning.

2- He (eat - eats - eating) mangoes.

3- They (have - has - had) lunch in the afternoon.

4- (I - We - Ahmed) plays cards.



## Homework

**1- Listen and complete:**

- 1- we chew food with our .....
- 2- The food arrives in the .....
- 3- This is my .....
- 4- I drink ..... every day.

**2- Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- The ..... system digests what we eat and drink.  
( digestive - respiratory - solar)
- 2- Food moves from the stomach to the .....  
( mouth - small intestine - large intestine)
- 3- The large intestine removes .....  
( water - salt - waste)
- 4- I ..... watermelon.  
( like - likes - eats)
- 5- Mona ..... dinner in the evening.  
( have - has - having )

**3- Read and complete:**

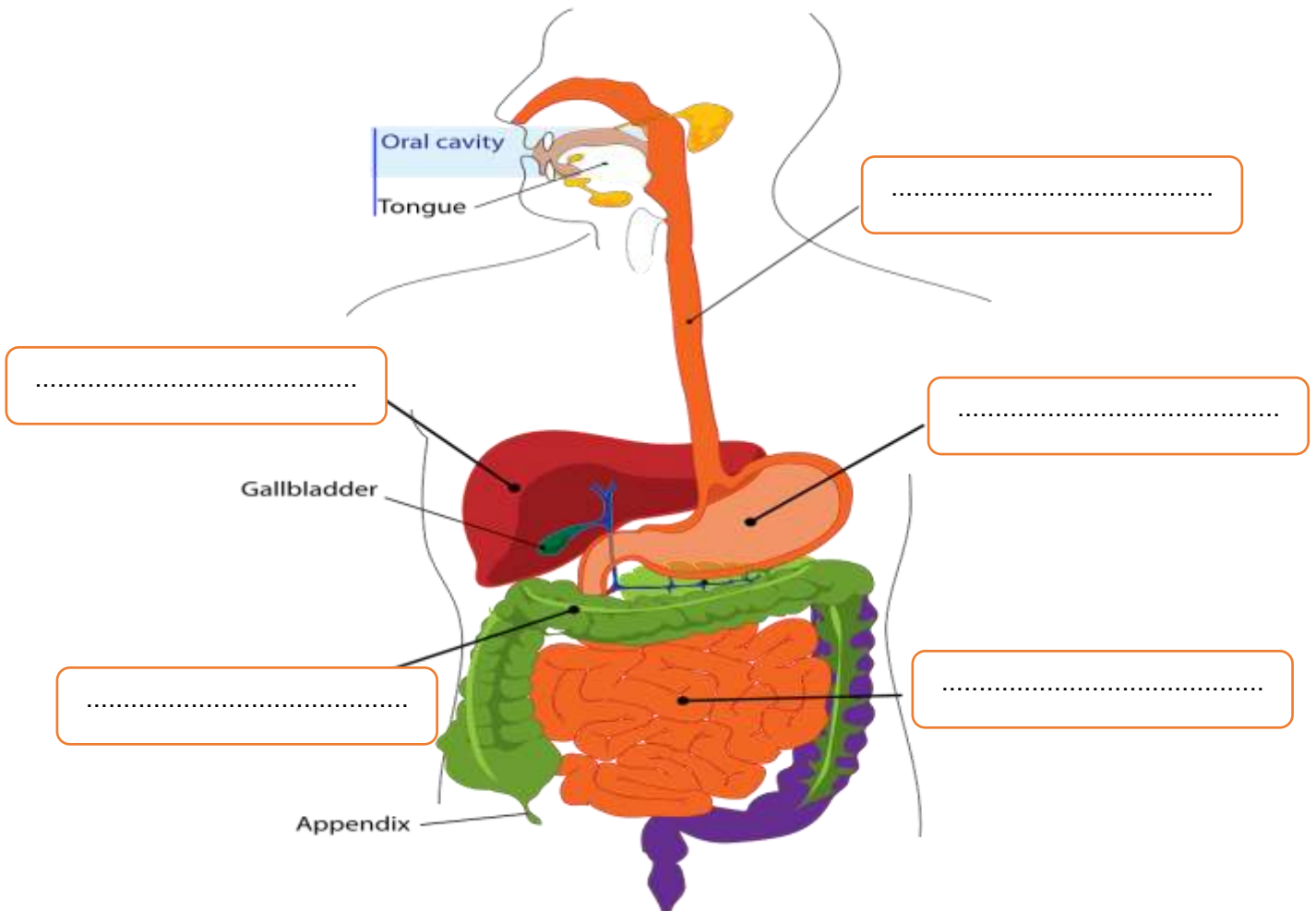
( large intestine - digest - esophagus - nutrients - liquid )

- 1- We use our digestive system to ..... what we eat and drink.
- 2- In the stomach, the food mixes with a special .....
- 3- The ..... is around the small intestine.
- 4- The ..... goes from the mouth to the stomach.





#### 4- Look and write:



#### 5- Punctuate the following sentence:

ahmed and mustafa live in egypt

.....

SUNSET

MR. MOHAMED GAD

01092786381



## Lesson 3

## The Respiratory system

## Vocabulary

## اجزاء الجهاز التنفسي



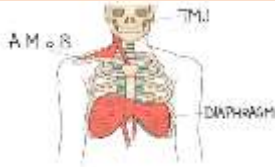
nose

أنف



lungs

الرئتان



diaphragm

الحجاب الحاجز



face

وجة



blood

دم



heart

قلب

## Other vocabulary

pump	يضخ	breathe	يتنفس
muscle	عضلة	under	تحت
place	مكان	inside	داخل
Oxygen	اكسجين	smoke	يدخن
Carbon dioxide	ثاني أكسيد الكربون	exercise	يتدرب
air	هواء	plants	نباتات
push	يدفع	healthy	صحي

## Expressions

move from ..... to .....	ينتقل من .... الى ....
take in	يدخل
give out	يخرج
pull ..... into	يسحب للداخل



stay away from  
larger than

يبقى بعيدا عن  
أكبر من

## Science lesson

### The respiratory system

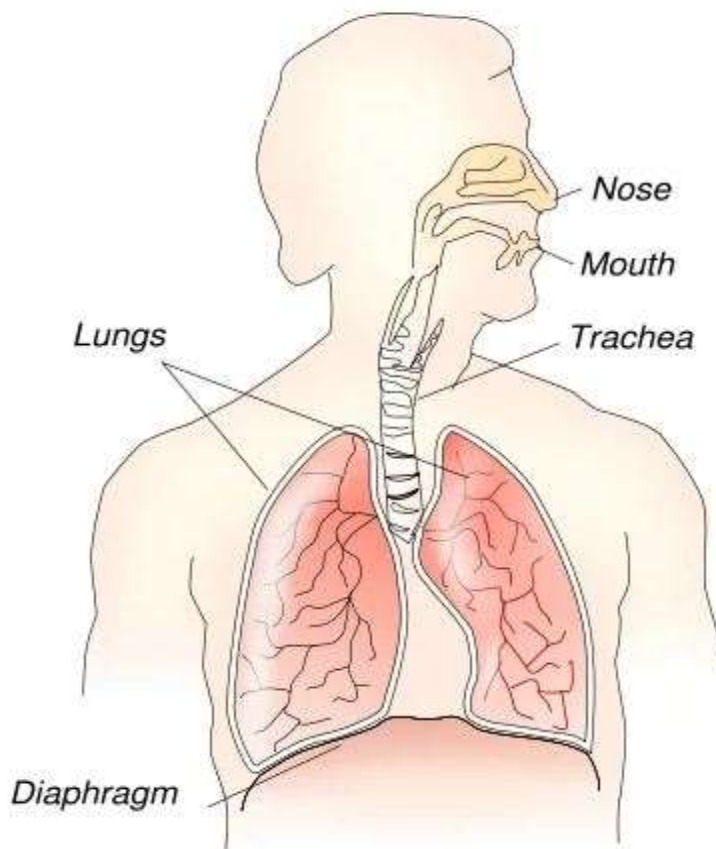
#### الجهاز التنفسي

The respiratory system: We use it when we breathe.

الجهاز التنفسي: نستخدمه عندما نتنفس.

Breathe: to take in Oxygen and give out carbon dioxide.

تنفس: أن تأخذ الأكسجين وتخرج ثاني أكسيد الكربون.





## \* Stages of breathe:

## مراحل التنفس:

1- We breathe in air through our mouth and nose.

١- تتنفس الهواء عبر الفم او الانف.

2- Our diaphragm goes down and pulls air into our lungs.

٢- يهبط الحجاب الحاجز لأسفل ويسحب الهواء داخل الرئتين.

3- In the lungs, the Oxygen from the air goes into our blood.

٣- داخل الرئتين يتم دخول الاكسجين من الهواء الي الدم.

4- Our heart pumps this blood around our body.

٤- يضخ القلب هذا الدم الي أجزاء الجسم.

5- The diaphragm goes up and pushes air with carbon dioxide out of our lungs.

٥- يرتفع الحجاب الحاجز ويطرد الهواء المحمل بثاني اكسيد الكربون خارج الرئتين

Diaphragm: This is a muscle under the lungs.  
الحجاب الحاجز عضلة تحت الرئتين

Pump: to move quickly from one place to another.

يضخ: أن ينتقل بسرعة من مكان لآخر.

The right lung is longer than the left lung.

الرئة اليمنى أطول من الرئة اليسرى

## \* How can we have a healthy respiratory system?

كيف يمكننا ان نمتلك جهازنا تنفسيا صحياً؟

1- Stay away from smoke.

ابقي بعيدا عن الدخان.

2- Exercise.

تمرن.

3- Put plants in your house.

ضع نباتات في منزلك.

4- Drink plenty of water.

أشرب كمية وفيرة من الماء.





## Grammar

## The present simple

## المضارع البسيط

هناخذ النهارا ازاى انفى المضارع البسيط  
( يعنى عايز اقول ان الحاجة دي انا مش بعملها او مبيحبهاش بشكل عام )

الفعل فى المصدر + don't / doesn't + الفاعل

I  
We  
You  
They  
اسم جمع } don't

He  
She  
it  
اسم مفرد } doesn't

I don't drink tea.

أنا لا أشرب الشاي

هي لا تأكل التفاح.

هو لا يحب الموز.

نحن لا نذهب الى المدرسة يوم الجمعة.

**لاحظ:** من الممكن أن تنفي ب never بدلا من don't و doesn't ويأتي الفعل في المصدر او باضافة S حسب الفاعل.

I never go to school on Friday.

أنا لا أذهب الى المدرسة ابدا.

هو لا يستمع الى الموسيقى ابدا.

### 1- Choose the correct answer:

1- I ( don't - doesn't - isn't ) like rice.

2- They don't ( take - took - takes ) photos.

3- Mona and Salma ( don't draw - doesn't draw ) pictures.

4- ( I - Ahmed - They ) doesn't play volleyball.



## Homework

### 1- listen and complete:

- 1- I have a ..... in the center of the face.
- 2- My lungs helps me to .....
- 3- Stay away from .....
- 4- We have two .....

### 2- Read and match:

A

B

- |                                  |                                 |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1- We use our respiratory system | a. pumps blood throw our body   |
| 2- diaphragm                     | b. when we breathe.             |
| 3- Our heart                     | c. through our mouth and nose.  |
| 4- We breathe in air             | d. is a muscle under the lungs. |

### 3- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- We breathe with our ..... system.  
( digestive - respiratory - solar )
- 2- To have a healthy respiratory system, stay away from .....  
( smoke - trees - your family )
- 3- ..... is to take Oxygen and give out Carbon dioxide.  
( taste - see - breathe )
- 4- I ..... drink tea every day.  
( don't - doesn't - isn't )
- 5- Noha doesn't ..... to school on Fridays.  
( goes - going - go )



**4- Put (✓) beside the things you can do to have a healthy respiratory system.**

ضع علامه (✓) أمام الاشياء التي تستطيع أن تفعلها لكي تمتلك جهاز تنفسي صحي:

- 1- Stay away from smoke. ( )
- 2- Don't put plants in your house. ( )
- 3- Drink plenty of water. ( )
- 4- Exercise. ( )
- 5- Smoke cigarettes. ( )

**5- Look and write four (4) sentences:**

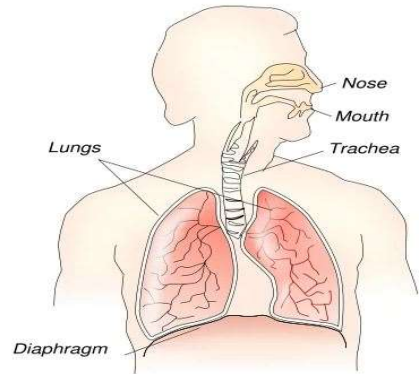
.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



**6- Punctuate the following sentence:**

what s your favourite sport ahmed

.....

## Lesson 4

## The first aid

## Vocabulary

## الاسعافات الأولية



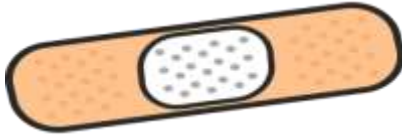
scrape

تجلط - خدش



gloves

قفازات



Band-Aid

لزقة طبية



nosebleed

نزيف في الانف



burn

حرق



arm

ذراع



back

ظهر



foot

قدم



sprain

إلتواء



soap



صابونة

## Other Vocabulary

Friend	صديق	kind	عطوف
again	مرة أخرى	sit down	يجلس
cold	برد	ice	ثلج
hand	يد	butter	ذبدة
park	حديقة	burgers	ساندوتش برجر
practice	يمارس	everyday	كل يوم



## present

## past

do	يفعل	did
wash	يغسل	washed
want	يريد	wanted

Expressions

drink cola	يشرب كاكولا
play football	يلعب كرة القدم
eat candy	يأكل حلوي
play basketball	يلعب كرة السلة
once a week	مرة في الاسبوع
twice a week	مرتين في الاسبوع
fall over	يسقط

*Reading***Your friend has a scrape.****صاحبك أصيب بتجلط**

Your friend falls over and cuts his leg. Be a kind friend. Ask him to sit down. Put on gloves. Wash the scrape with water and soap. Put on a Band-Aid. The next day, wash the scrape with soap and water again. Redo the Band-Aid.



صاحبك سقط على الارض وجرح رجله. كن صديقا عطوفا. أطلب منه أن يجلس. أرتدي القفازات. أغسل التجلط بالماء والصابون. ضع لزقة طبية علي الجرح. في اليوم التالي أغسل التجلط بالماء والصابون مرة أخرى. اعد وضع اللزقة الطبية.

## How do you behave when:

When	عندما	Do	أفعل	Don't	لا تفعل	
1- Your friend has a burn on his hand.		Hold the hand under cold water.		Put butter on the burn.		
2- Your cousin can't breathe. She is coughing.		Hit her on the back.		Hit her on the arm.		
3- Your brother sprained his foot.		press a cold bag of ice on his foot.		Ask him to jump.		

Sprain: To twist one of the body joints.

الالتواء: أثناء أحد مفاصل الجسم.

### الفعّل + re

**ملحوظة:** لو عايز اقول يعيد فعل شيء هحط

do	يفعل	→	redo	يعيد فعل
read	يقرأ	→	reread	يعيد قراءة
write	يكتب	→	rewrite	يعيد كتابة

## Grammar

و but & and لكن

and	but
تستخدم للإضافة بعمل شيء و بعمل كمان شيء بحب شيء و شيء	تستخدم للتناقض بعمل شيء لكن لا اعمل شيء اخر عايز اعمل شيء لكن مش هعرف اعمله بحب اعمل شيء لكن هعمل شيء تاني





احيانا تسبق ب comma

I eat vegetables and I exercise.

تسبق ب comma (,but)

I want to play football but I hurt my leg.

**ملحوظة:** الفعل like يأتي بعدة V+ing

I like playing football.

أنا أحب أن ألعب كرة القدم.

I don't like playing basketball.

أنا لا أحب لعب كرة السلة.

**يلا تترجم الجمل دي مع بعض:**

أنا احب لعب كرة القدم لكن أنا ألعبها مرة واحدة في الاسبوع.

أنا ألعب أأكل الحللوي أشرب الكاكولا.

هو يحب شرب الكاكولا لكن هو يريد أن يشرب ماء.

**\* Put ( and - but):**

1- I love burgers, ..... I only eat one a week.

2- I play basketball ..... I play football in the park.

3- I don't eat candy, ..... I eat it with my sister.

4- I practice basketball twice a week, ..... I walk home from school every day.

5- I want to play with my brother, ..... I'm sick.

6- I like drawing pictures ..... taking photos.



## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- Hold the ..... under cold water.
- 2- Put a ..... on the cut.
- 3- My ..... hurts.
- 4- I play football ..... a week.

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- I wash my hand with water and .....  
( soap - ice - cola)
- 2- If your cousin can't breathe hit her in the .....  
( foot - arm - back)
- 3- The next day, ..... the Band-Aid.  
( do - redo - replay)
- 4- I eat vegetables ..... I exercise.  
( but - when - and )
- 5- I don't like tennis, ..... I play it with my friend.  
( but - and - so )

### 3- Read and put (✓) or (X):

Yesterday, My friend fell over and cut his leg. I asked him to sit down. I Put on gloves. I Washed the scrape with water and soap. I Put on a Band-Aid. Today, I washed the scrape with soap and water again. I Redid the Band-Aid.

- 1- MY friend cut his arm. (   )



2- I washed the scrape with water and soap. ( )

3- I redid the Band-Aid. ( )

4- I put on watch. ( )

5- I asked my friend to stand up. ( )

**4- Circle the odd word:**

1- back - arm - foot - soap

2- do - cold - wash - want

3- football - basketball - cola - tennis

4- friend - scrape - burn - sprain

**5- look and write four (4) sentences:**

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....



**6- Punctuate the following sentence:**

he doesn t like football but he likes basketball

.....

# Sunset

## In English

01092786381



## Lesson 5

## Flapjacks

flapjacks

## Vocabulary

## Vowels



bag

حقيبة



cake

كعكة



mom

أم



nose

أنف



mix

يـدمـج



rice

أرز



flapjack

فطيرة



tea

شاي



honey

عسل



cookies

كعكات

## Other vocabulary

friend	صديق	Egyptian	مصري
British	بريطاني	parents	الوالدين
sad	حزين	goodbye	مع السلامة
apartment	شقة	excited	مسرور - متحمس
worried	قلق	family	عائلة
plate	طبق	oats	الشوفان
happy	سعيد	next	التالي
divide	يقسم	prime number	العدد الاولي

## Verbs

### present

### past

say	يقول	said
make	يصنع	made
visit	يزور	visited

## Expressions

go to	يذهب الي
a bit worried	قلق الي حد ما
arrive at	يصل الي
Would you like	هل تود
look at	ينظر الي
try a little	جرب القليل منها
What a great idea	يالها من فكرة جيدة

## Reading

### Talia learns to love flapjacks

Talia and Suzanne are good friends. Talia is Egyptian and Suzanne is British. Their parents are friends too. They talk together a lot. They are sad when they say goodbye.

One day, Talia goes to Suzanne's apartment. Talia is excited, but she is a bit worried. What I British food? Will she like it?

Talia and her mom arrive at Suzanne's family's apartment. Suzanne says, "Please have some tea ,Talia. Would you like a flapjack? My mom and I made them."





Suzanne had a plate in her hands. On the plate there are big, square cookies. Talia looks at the flapjacks.

"Suzanne, I'm very happy you made them for me, but what is a flapjack?" She asks.

Suzanne says "they are cookies. I make them with oats, butter, and honey. Try a little."



Talia's mom smiles too. Talia tries a flapjack. It's delicious! "I love it!" She says. "How do you make them?"

Suzanne says, "It's very easy. Next time you visit we can make them together!"

Talia says, "What a great idea!"

### \* Answer True (✓) or false (X):

- 1- Suzanne goes to Talia's family's apartment. ( )
- 2- Suzanne is from Egypt. ( )
- 3- Talia hates flapjacks. ( )
- 4- Talia wants to make flapjacks. ( )
- 5- You need apples to make flapjacks. ( )

### Phonics lesson

#### عايزين نعرف الفرق بين long vowels و short vowels

vowel يعني حرف متحرك والحروف المتحركة هي (a - e - i - o - u)

غنيهم عشان تحفظهم ( a ضربت e قالت i o u )

consonant يعني حرف ساكن والحروف الساكنة هي باقي حروف اللغة الانجليزية.





short vowels	long vowels
مقطع قصير	مقطع طويل (مد)
حرف متحرك بين حرفين ساكنين	حرف e في نهاية كلمة بها حرف متحرك
bag short a	cake long a
mom short o	nose long o
mix short i	rice long i

## Math lessons

### Comparing numbers

مقارنة الأرقام

المفروض ان إحنا عايزين نرتب الأرقام ترتيب تصاعدي:

1- Count the number of digits in each number. The number of the least number of digits is the smallest. Write it first.

نبدأ بعد أعداد الأرقام لكل رقم. الرقم الذي به اقل عدد من الأرقام هو أصغر رقم. ويكدا نكتب الرقم دا أول واحد.

215, 13, 50140, 3127

13 < 215 < 3127 < 50140

2- For the numbers having the same number of digits, start with comparing the numbers from the leftmost digits. Write the number of the smallest digits.

وبالنسبة للأرقام التي تمتلك نفس العدد من الأرقام. أبدأ بالمقارنة بين أقصى رقم على اليسار. أكتب الرقم صاحب أصغر عدد أولا.

3179, 4182, 1523, 2631

1523 < 2631 < 3179 < 4182

3- If the leftmost digits are the same, move to the digits to the right and compare them. write the number with the smallest digit.



إذا وجدت أقصى ارقام على اليسار متشابهة انتقل للارقام التي على يمينها وأبدأ المقارنة بينهم. أكتب الرقم صاحب أصغر عدد.

3124, 3782 , 3543, 3747

3124 < 3543 < 3747 < 3782

## Homework

### 1- Listen and circle short vowels:

1- cat - cake

2- mom - nose

3- rice - mix

3- sit - site

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

1- I'm from Egypt. I'm .....

(Egyptian - British - American)

2- I live in a .....

(park - school - apartment)

3- I like to eat ..... They are cookies.

(fish - flapjacks - rice)

4- Prime number is a number You can divide only by .....

( itself and 2 - itself and 1 - 2 and 1 )

5- The word "cake" has a .....

( long a - short a - long e )

6- When we leave, We say .....

( Hello - Good morning - Good bye )

### 3- Circle the odd word:

1- sad - excited - happy - Egypt



2- flapjacks - friends - cookies - oats

3- happy - say - make - visit

4- bag - mom - nose - mix

5- Sunday - March - Monday - Friday

**4-rearrange the following numbers from the smallest to the largest:**

1- 258, 1521 , 24 , 8695 .....<.....<.....<.....

2- 14556, 2568, 14, 25698 .....<.....<.....<.....

3- 12, 1254, 125, 68 .....<.....<.....<.....

4- 4584, 251 , 856, 4856 .....<.....<.....<.....

**5- Fill in the gaps using the words in the box:**

(apartment - Egyptians - Cookies - friends)

Mohamed and Ali are good ..... . They are from Egypt.  
They are ..... . Mohamed visits Ali in his ..... .  
They eats .....

**6- Look and write four ( 4 ) sentences:**

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....



**6- Copy the following sentence:**

What a great idea!

.....

**Test on Unit 1****1- Listen and complete:**

- 1- I ..... some special food for us.
- 2- We put food in our .....
- 3- Drink plenty of .....
- 4- My friend falls over and cuts his .....
- 5- Farmers grow ..... in Egypt.

**2- Choose the odd word:**

- 1- onions - grow - grapes - mangoes
- 2- mouth - tooth - salt - foot
- 3- air - heart - lungs - nose
- 4- do - wash - eat - ice
- 5- two - three - Sunday - ten

**3- Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- I eat some ..... with my friend.  
( cookies - tea - water )
- 2- You can put a ..... on the cut.  
( gloves - butter - Band-Aid )
- 3- Fatma loves ice cream ..... chocolate.  
( and - but - what )
- 4- ..... we use it when we breathe.  
( Digestive system - Respiratory system - Solar system )
- 5- Waleed speaks English, ..... He can't speak Chinese.



( and - but - so )

6- ..... removes waste.

( Large intestine - small intestine - stomach )

#### 4- Read and put true (✓) or false (X):

##### **Food from Damietta governorate**

The land in Damietta governorate is full of nutrients. The farmers can grow ice, tomatoes, wheat, lemons, grapes, and guavas.

Fishermen catch thousands of fish in the sea. Cows, goats, and sheep live in Damietta governorate too. Domiati cheese is very famous.

About one and half million people live in this part of Egypt. Life is good in Damietta.

1- Damietta is famous for Domiate cheese. ( )

2- The animals you see in Damietta are goats, cows and sheep.( )

3- The farmers grow oranges and apples. ( )

4- About two million people live in Damietta. ( )

#### 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



pixtastock.com - 18796441

#### 6- Punctuate the following sentence:

what is your favourite food maha

.....

# UNIT 2

## Desert Animals



*Mr. Mohamed Gad*

*01092786381*





# Lesson 1

## Animals in Egypt

### Vocabulary

#### Animals



crocodile

تمساح



spider

عنكبوت



snake

ثعبان



lizard

سحلية



eagle

نسر



pelican

بجعة



camel

جمل



fennec

فنك



birds

طيور



insects

حشرات

#### Other vocabulary

fur	فرو	feather	ريش
wing	جناح	beak	منقار
animals	حيوانات	huge	كبير - ضخمة
scary	مخيف	helpful	متعاون
important	مهم	dangerous	خطير
control	يتحكم	job	وظيفة
small	صغير	fish	سمك
cute	لطيف	ugly	قبيح



## Verbs

### present

### past

look	ينظر	looked
do	يفعل	did
eat	يأكل	ate

## Expressions

look at	ينظر إلى
what about ....?	ماذا عن ....؟
Yes, that's true.	نعم هذا صحيح
You are right.	أنت علي صواب
Which animals .....?	أي الحيوانات .....؟

## *Reading*

**Mom** : Look at all these animals that live in our country.

**Sara** : Look at the crocodile, it's huge!

**Tarek**: Huge and scary!

**Sara** : I think the spider is scarier.

**Mom** : Yeah, but spiders are very helpful. They eat insects. Farmers like spiders.

**Sara** : Ok, What about the snake and the crocodile? They are dangerous, aren't they?

**Mom** : Yes that's true, but they do a very important job. They eat insects, birds and lizards. This controls the number of these small animals.

**Tarek**: Eagles do the same Job.

**Sara** : The pelican eats small fish.

**Mom** : You're right! We sometimes think some animals are scary or ugly, but they are all important.





## notes

عشان تقول لحد أن كلامك صح قولة واحدة من الاتين دول:

1

- Yes, That's True.

نعم هذا صحيح.

- You are right!

أنت علي صواب.

عشان تسأل حد عن راية في حاجة معينة هتقولة ؟.. الحاجة + What a bout

2

بمعني ماذا عن .....

What about the eagle?

ماذا عن النسر؟

.....?

ماذا عن الثعبان؟

يلا تتعلم نكتب اربع جمل عن أي حيوان:

3

1- This is a/an + الحيوان

2- It's huge كبير / small صغير

3- It's scary مخيف / helpful متعاون / cute لطيف

4- It eats meat لحم / fish سمك / grass عشب

\* Look and write (4) sentences:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....





## Homework

**1- Listen and complete:**

- 1- The crocodile is .....
- 2- The ..... are very helpful.
- 3- Does tarek likes .....?
- 4- Yes, that's .....

**2- Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- ..... is an eagle.  
( These - Those - This )
- 2- Look at all ..... animals.  
( This - that - these )
- 3- What ..... the snake?  
( from - about - old )
- 4- Farmers like spiders because they are .....  
( helpful - scary - cute )
- 5- The pelican eats small .....  
( grass - cakes - fish )

**3- Choose the odd word:**

- 1- lizard - fennec - beak - camel
- 2- look - do - eat - animal
- 3- wing - small - hug - big
- 4- Which - What - play - How
- 5- Ahmed - dog - Ali - Tamer

#### 4- Read and answer :

There are a lot of animals in our country. The crocodile is huge and scary. The spiders are very helpful. They eat insects. Farmers like spiders. The snakes, crocodiles and eagles are dangerous. They eat insects, birds and lizards. The pelican eats small fish. All animals are important.

##### a. Answer the following questions:

1- What do snakes eat?

.....

2- Why do farmers like spiders?

.....

3- What does pelican eat?

.....

##### b. Put True (✓) or false (x):

1- There are a lot of animals in our country. ( )

2- The spiders eat fish. ( )

3- The crocodiles eat lizards. ( )

#### 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....



#### 6- Punctuate the following sentence:

tarek and sara are from Egypt

.....



# Lesson 2

## Fennec and Eagle

### Vocabulary

#### Main vocabulary



desert

صحراء



fox

ثعلب



mice

فئران



rabbit

أرنب



Africa

أفريقيا



Europe

أوروبا



male

ذكر



female

أنثى

#### Other vocabulary

Centimeter	سنتيمتر	Kilometer	كيلومتر
about	عن	big	كبير
really	حقا	hot	حار
lose	يخسر	heat	ساخن
cold	بارد	fur	فرو
warm	دافئ	year	سنة
beautiful	جميل	winter	شتاء
area	منطقة	mammals	الثدييات

#### Questions Words

What.....?

ما / ماذا.....؟

How tall.....?

ما طول.....؟







How long.....?

ما طول.....؟

How heavy.....?

ما وزن.....؟

Verbs

## present

## past

live

يعيش

travel

يسافر

open

يفتح

need

يحتاج

lived

traveled

opened

needed

*Reading*Fennec fox ثعلب الفند

Where does it live?

In the desert of North Africa.

أين يعيش؟

في صحراء شمال أفريقيا.

How tall is it?

20 centimeters.

ما طوله الرأسى؟

٢٠ سنتيمتر

How heavy is it?

about 1 kilogram.

ما وزنه؟

حوالي ١ كيلو جرام.

How long is it?

about 30 centimeters.

ما طوله الافقى؟

حوالي ٣٠ سنتيمتر.

What does it eat?

insects, small lizards, mice

ماذا يأكل؟

الحشرات، السحالي الصغيرة، الفئران



The fennec fox lives in the desert. It's smaller than other foxes. It's ear are big. really big! The fennec fox needs big ears to hear insects and small animals.

During the day it's hot in the desert. The fox loses heat from it's ears. At night it's cold. The fox's thick fur keeps it warm.

يعيش ثعلب الفند في الصحراء. انه أصغر من الثعالب الاخرى. أذنة كبيرة. كبيرة بالفعل. يحتاج ثعلب الفند أذنة الكبيرة لكي يسمع الحشرات والحيوانات الصغيرة. يكون الجو حار في النهار في الصحراء. يفقد ثعلب الفند الحرارة من اذنيه. يكون الجو بارد ليل. الفرو السميك للثعلب يقيه دافئا.

## نسر السهوب Steppe Eagle



How long does it live? ما طول المدة التي يعيشها؟	Aroud 40 years حوالي ٤٠ سنة
How heavy is it? ما وزنه؟	Around 3 kilograms حوالي ٣ كيلو جرام.
How long is it? ما طوله؟	Around 170 centimeters حوالي ١٧٠ سنتيمتر

Look at the eagle flying. It's beautiful, isn't it? The steppe eagle travels from Europe to Africa in winter. It lives in very big, open areas.

It eats other birds, small mammals and rabbits. When it open its wings, it's longer than you! The female is bigger and heavier than the male.

أنظر الي النسر وهو يطير. أنه جميل، أليس كذلك؟ يسافر نسر السهوب من أوروبا إلى أفريقيا في فصل الشتاء. أنه يعيش في مناطق كبيرة واسعة.  
إنه يأكل الطيور الاخرى والثدييات الصغيرة والارانب. عند يفتح أجنحته، يكون أطول منك. النساء أطول أثقل من الذكور.

## Grammar

### الصفة Adjective

**الصفة:** تصف الاسم وتأتي قبله.

a beautiful girl بنت جميلة

a big animal حيوان كبير

a small mouse. فأر صغير

**لاحظ:** الصفة تأتي بعد am - is - are

I'm tall. أنا طويل.

She is beautiful. هي جميلة.



## Homework

### 1- Listen and circle short vowels:

1- make - sad

2- box - door

3- site - sit

4- hen - meat

### 2- Choose the odd word:

1- mice - rabbits - foxes - big.

2- travel - Africa - America - Europe

3- How tall - year - How long - How heavy

4- live - open - beautiful - need

5- fennec - eagle - boy - rabbit

### 3- Choose the correct answer:

1- The fennec fox lives in the ..... .  
( sea - desert - grasslands )

2- The steppe eagle travels from Europe to Africa in ..... .  
( Summer - Winter - Spring )

3- The fox loses heat from eats ..... .  
( legs - mouth - ears )

4- How ..... is it? - about 1 kilogram.  
( heavy - tall - long )

5- Ahmed is a ..... .  
( tall boy - boy tall - tall )

6- The eagle is ..... .  
( beautifully - more beautiful - beautiful )

## 4- Look and answer:



How tall is it?

.....

What does it eat?

.....



How long is it?

.....

How heavy is it?

.....

## 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....



## 6- Punctuate the following sentences:

Where does Mona live

.....

# Sunset

## Mr. Mohamed Gad

## 01092786381



# Lesson 3

## Camels

### Vocabulary

#### Main vocabulary



camel

جمل



horse

حصان



amazing

رائع



intelligent

ذكي



perfect

مثالي



beautiful

جميل



delicious

لذيذ



flat

مسطح

#### Other Vocabulary

things	أشياء	strong	قوي
carry	يحمل	understand	يفهم
people	ناس	large	كبير
socks	شراب - جورب	close	يغلق
angry	غاضب	noisy	مزعج - صاحب
milk	لبن	sand	رمل

#### Question words

Why .....	لماذا .....
How fast .....	ما سرعة .....
How strong .....	ما قوة .....

Adjectives

tall	طويل	slow	بطيء
fast	سريع	long	طويل
big	كبير	thin	نحيف

*Reading*الجمال Camel

How tall is it?	180 cm
How heavy is it?	600 - 1000 kg
How fast is it?	40 Kph
How strong is it?	170 - 200 kg
How long does it live?	40 years



Camels are amazing! They're beautiful, strong animals. They help us to carry things and people across the desert. Their milk is delicious. We can use their fur to make socks!

They are very intelligent and can understand lot's of words.

Camels are perfect for the desert. Here's why:

- 1- They have large, flat feet so they can walk on the sand.
- 2- Healthy camels don't need to drink often.
- 3- They have special ways to close their noses and eyes to stop the sand from coming in.

But be careful! Camels are very noisy and they can get angry.

*Grammar***Comparative adjectives**

## صفات المقارنة



**صفة المقارنة:** هي صفة تستخدم للمقارنة بين اثنين ( حيوانين - شخصين - منزلين .. )

**التكوين:**

**er + than + الصفة**

الصفة		صفة المقارنة	
tall	طويل	taller than	أطول من
fast	سريع	faster than	أسرع من
big	كبير	bigger than	أضخم من
slow	بطئ	slower than	أبطئ من
thin	نحيف	thinner than	أنحف من

**تكوين الجملة:** ركز عشان هتحل جمل كاملة دلوقت

شيء (٢) + er + than + الصفة + is + شيء (١)

Ahmed is taller than Ali.

أحمد أطول من علي

The elephant is bigger than the camel.

الفيل أضخم من الجمل

..... الثعبان ارفع من ثعلب الفنك.

..... العنكبوت أصغر من السحلية.

..... الحصان أسرع من الجمل.

..... الجمل أطول من الحصان.

**Choose the correct answer:**

1- The elephant is ..... than the hippo.

( big - bigger - biggest )

2- The giraffe is taller ..... the horse.

( than - then - that )

3- The spider is ..... the snake.

( scarier - scary - scarier than )



## Homework

**1- Listen and complete:**

- 1- The ..... is strong.
- 2- How ..... is it? - 180 cm.
- 3- The camel has a ..... feet.
- 4- Ahmed is ..... than me. (fast)

**2- Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- How ..... is it? - It's 40 kph.  
( tall - heavy - fast )
- 2- The fennec is ..... than the camel.  
( small - smaller - smaller than )
- 3- Healthy camels don't need to drink ..... .  
( water - milk - juice )
- 4- The camels have a large flat ..... .  
( hands - feet - eyes )
- 5- Parrots are noisier ..... spiders.  
( than - then - that )

**3- Look and answer:**

- 1- How tall is it?  
.....
- 2- How fast is it?  
.....
- 3- How strong is it?  
.....

**4- Read and put True (✓) or false (X):**

	camel	horse
How tall is it?	180 cm	157 - 173 cm
How heavy is it?	600 - 1000 kg	380 - 550 kg
How fast is it?	40 Kph	44 Kph
How strong is it?	170 - 200 kg	around 80 kg
How long does it live?	40 years	25 years

- 1- Horses are slower than camels. ( )
- 2- Camels are taller than horses. ( )
- 3- Horses are heavier than camels. ( )
- 4- Horses are stronger than camels. ( )
- 5- Camels live longer than horses. ( )

**5- Look and write four (4) sentences:**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



**6- Punctuate the following sentence:**

camels are amazing

.....



# Lesson 4

## Pelican and bear

### Vocabulary

#### Main vocabulary



pelican

بجع



bear

دب



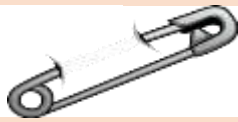
pea

بصلة



bird

طائر



pin

دبوس



beak

منقار



pear

كمثري



bee

نحلة

#### Other vocabulary

river	نهر	hungry	جائع
juicy	ملى بالعصارة	reach	يصل
lift	يرفع	paw	قدم حيوان - كف اليد
claws	مخالب	surprise	مفاجأة
because	لأن	lick	يلعق ( يلحس )
whisper	يهمس	dinner	العشاء
tongue	لسان	hunt	يصطاد

#### Verbs

present

past

look	ينظر	looked
see	يري	saw

hear  
shout

يسمع  
يصرخ

heard  
shouted

### Expressions

ready to take

يجهز لياخذ (شيء)

look scared

يبدو مخيفا

I'm sorry

أنا أسف

Excuse me

معذرة

### Reading

#### The pelican and the Bear

طائر البجع والدب

A pelican and a bear are in the river.  
They are both looking at a big, juicy fish.  
The bear reaches for the fish. It lifts  
its paw.

The pelican opens its beak. It is ready to  
take the fish out of the water. The bear  
sees the pelican. The pelican sees the bear.

"Excuse me," The pelican says, "That's my fish."

The bear is surprised and angry. "Pelican, Look at my claws. Now look  
at my teeth. That's my fish."

The pelican looked scared. "I'm sorry, Bear," it whispers.

The bear is bigger and stronger than the pelican. The bear licks its  
paw. The bear is happy because it has a big fish for dinner.

Then the bear looks down. Oh no! It can't see the fish. It can't see  
the pelican.

"Pelican, Where are you?" Bear shouts.

There is no pelican. But he can hear the happy pelican flying away.



## Phonics lesson

عايزين نعرف الفرق بين صوت ال (b) و (p) :



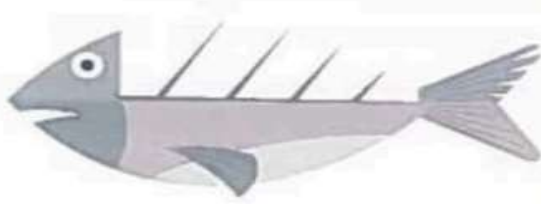

b		p	
/b/ تنطق ب بدون هواء		/p/ تنطق ب بإخراج هواء من الفم	
bird	طائر	pelican	بجع
bear	دب	pea	بسلة
beak	منقار	pin	دبوس
bee	نحلة	pear	كمثري

## Math lesson

## Divided by 100

القسمة علي ١٠٠

How much is the fish?

	
$\frac{100}{100} = 1$	$\frac{75}{100} = 0.75$
	
$\frac{50}{100} = 0.50$	$\frac{25}{100} = 0.25$

وينفس الطريقة تعال نقسم دول كمان علي ال ١٠٠

$$\frac{30}{100} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\frac{90}{100} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\frac{55}{100} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\frac{45}{100} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\frac{20}{100} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\frac{10}{100} = \dots\dots\dots$$





## Homework

### 1- Listen and write ( b ) or ( p ):

1- .....ird

2- .....eak

3- .....in

4- .....eak

5- .....ear

6- .....ea

### 2- Choose the odd word:

1- bear - elephant - bee - orange

2- pea - pear - banana - bee

3- bird - football - animal - insect

4- Sunday - January - Thursday - Wednesday

### 3- Choose the correct answer:

1- The pelican and the bear eat .....

( fish - grass - insects )

2- The bear is ..... than the pelican.

( bigger - small - big )

3- The pelican catches fish with his .....

( wing - paw - beak )

4- Fish lives in the .....

( desert - city - river )

5- I ate your apple. I'm .....

( excuse - sorry - tall )



## 4- Look and put True (✓) or False (X):



- |                           |       |
|---------------------------|-------|
| 1- This is a pear.        | (   ) |
| 2- The pelican eats fish. | (   ) |
| 3- It's in the desert.    | (   ) |
| 4- It has a beak.         | (   ) |

## 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

## 6- Punctuate the following sentence:

where s hany and hana

.....



## Test on Unit 2

### 1- listen and complete:

- 1- Look at the .....
- 2- The fennec ..... lives in the desert.
- 3- How ..... does it live?
- 4- Camels are ..... for the desert.
- 5- A pelican and the ..... are in the river.

### 2- Circle the odd word out:

- 1- wing - bear - mouse - camel
- 2- taller - shorter - bigger - small
- 3- eagle - pear - bee - bird
- 4- fur - wing - feather - pelican
- 5- snake - lizard - insect - cute

### 3- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Is the new hotel ..... than the old one?  
( nice - nicer - more nice )
- 2- The bear is bigger ..... the pelican.  
( the - then - than )
- 3- Horses like to drink ..... water.  
( sweet - fresh - salt )
- 4- A ..... eats small fish.  
( Pelican - Spider - Lizard )



5- The fennec fox is ..... tan other foxes.

( smaller - taller - bigger )

6- The steppe ..... travels from Europe to Africa in winter.

( bear - cat - eagle )

## 4- Read and put true (✓) or false (X):

Rhim gazelles look very beautiful. They live in the Sahara Desert, and they walk around looking for grass, leaves and plants to eat. They have big ears and long horns. They have yellow- white coats which protect them from the sun. They have hooves on their feet. These hooves help them walk on the sand. Like camels, They don't need to drink a lot of water.

rhim gazelles غزال الريم

hooves حوافر

horns قرون

1- Rhim gazelles live in the Sahara Desert. ( )

2- They walk around looking for insects. ( )

3- They have yellow- white coats. ( )

4- Their hooves help them walk on the sand. ( )

## 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



## 6- Punctuate the following sentence:

look at those animals that live in egypt

.....

# UNIT 3

## Why are plants

## green?



*Mr. Mohamed Gad*

*01092786381*



## Lesson 1

## Plants and seeds

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary



leaf

ورقة شجر



soil

تربة



root

جذع



shoot

برعم



seeds

بذور



flower

وردة



germination

أنبات



water

ماء

## Other Vocabulary

plant	نبات	what	ما / ماذا
tomato	طماطم	red	أحمر
green	أخضر	before	قبل
why	لماذا	How	كيف
new	جديد	under	تحت
inside	داخل	lunch	الغداء
become	يصبح	sunflower	عباد الشمس
rose	وردة	daisy	زهرة الربيع

## Verbs

present

past

يهيى

يجد

found





grow

يزرع

grew

### Expressions

come and look

تعال وألقي نظرة

That is called

هذا يسمى

That's awesome

هذا رائع

let's have it

هيا تناولة

### Reading

**Dad** : Come and look!

**Seleem**: What is it, Dad?

**Dad** : Our tomato plants are growing on the balcony! Look can you see the leaves and the flowers?

**Seleem**: Oh yes, but why are the tomatoes green?

**Dad** : Tomatoes are green before they are red.

**Seleem**: How do we grow new tomatoes?

**Dad** : Tomatoes have seeds inside. We can take the seeds and grow new tomatoes! We plant the seed and the plant grows. That is called germination. We water the plant every day and the roots grow under the soil. The plant grows flowers and the flowers become tomatoes.

**Seleem**: That's awesome! And I found a red tomato! Let's have it for lunch!





## notes

### 1 عشان تسأل عن شيء انت مش عارف ايه هو قول:

What's this? ما هذا؟ لو شيء مفرد

What're these? ما هؤلاء؟ لو أياء جمع او شيء مكون من زوجين

### 2 للاجابة على الأسئلة السابقة هنقول:

It's a/an + اسم مفرد لو شيء مفرد هقول

They are + اسم جمع لو أشياء جمع او شيء مكون من زوجين قول



What's this?

It's a tomato.



What are these?

They are tomatoes.



What's this?



What are these?

### 3 يلا نكتب ء جمل عن أي فاكهة أو خضار:

-It's a /an + اسم مفرد او اسم جمع + They are -

-It's + اللون او اللون + They are -

-My father grows + الشيء

-I like / don't like + الشيء





## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- My father grow ..... on the balcony.
- 2- Why are tomatoes .....?
- 3- Let's have it for .....
- 4- We plant a ..... to have a new plant.

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Tomatoes are ..... before they are red.  
(green - blue - black)
- 2- The roots grow under the .....  
( soil - sand - water )
- 3- We plant a seed and the plant grows. That's called .....  
( shoot - respiratory - germination)
- 4- Let's ..... it for lunch.  
( has - have - having)
- 5- we use seeds for ..... new tomatoes.  
( growing - having - making)
- 6- I cut a ..... from a tree. It's green.  
( root - seed - leaf )
- 7- What ..... these?  
( am - is - are )

### 3- Read and complete:



( water - seeds - leaf - red - flowers )

- 1- Tomatoes have ..... inside.
- 2- We ..... the plant every day to grow.
- 3- The ..... became tomato fruits.
- 4- Tomatoes are green before they are .....
- 5- It's a .....

#### 4- Look and answer:



What's this?

.....



What are these?

.....



What are these?

.....



What's this?

.....

#### 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

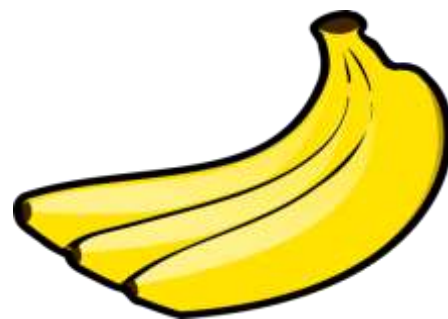
.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



#### 6- Punctuate the following dialogue:

how do we grow new tomatoes

.....



## Lesson 2

## Plants in Egypt

Plants in Egypt

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary



Agricultural habitat

البيئة الزراعية

desert habitat

البيئة الصحراوية



rivers

أنهار



lakes

بحيرات



lotus flower

زهرة اللوتس



tamarisk

شجرة الطرفاء



bean plant

نبات الفول



reed

بوص



acacia

نبات أفاقيا



orange tree

شجرة البرتقال




## Other Vocabulary

work	يعمل	here	هنا
near	بالقرب من	a lot of	كثير من
much	كثير	there is	يوجد
live	يعيش	need	يحتاج

## Adjectives

big	كبير	nice	لطيف
heavy	ثقيل	beautiful	جميل
tall	طويل	scary	مخيف

## Reading

habitat البيئة	definition التعريف	plants النباتات	photo
1-Agricultural habitat البيئة الزراعية	Farmers work here. They grow food for us to eat.	- bean plant - orange tree	
2-desert habitat البيئة الصحراوية	There is not much rain here. Plants that live in the desert do not need a lot of water.	- tamarisk - acacia	
3-rivers and lakes الأنهار والبحيرات	Plants near rivers and lakes need a lot of water.	- lotus flower - reed	

## Grammar

### Superlative adjectives

#### صفات التفضيل

**صفة التفضيل:** تستخدم لتفضيل شيء على مجموعة:

the + الصفة + est

**التكوين:**

الصفة	صفة التفضيل
tall	الأطول
big	الأضخم
nice	الألطف
heavy	الأثقل
scary	الأكثر إخافة

**تكوين الجملة كاملة:** (ركز عشان هتخل معايا)

النوع + est + الصفة + the + is + الشئ



The elephant is the biggest animal.

الفيلم هو أضخم حيوان.

.....

البوص هو أطول نبات.

.....

مديتي هي ألطف مكان.

.....

شنطتي أثقل شنطة.

.....

الثعبان هو أكثر حيوان مخيف.

ملحوظة: الصفة المنتهية بحرف سكن يسبقه حرف متحرك  
نضاعف الحرف السكن (الأخير) قبل وضع est.

Big → biggest

thin → thinnest

Choose :

1- Ahmed is the ..... boy.

( tall - taller - tallest)

2- The ant is ..... insect.

(the smallest - smallest - smaller)

3- the snake is the ..... animal.

( thin - thinnest - thinner )

4- the horse is the ..... one.

( the fastest - faster - fastest )

5- the elephant is ..... fattest animal.

( then - than - the )



## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- My grandpa grew ..... tree.
- 2- The ..... plant is green.
- 3- Farmers grow ..... for us to eat.
- 4- My cat is the ..... on our street.

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Farmers work in the ..... lakes.  
( desert habitat - agricultural habitat - lakes )
- 2- There is not much rain in the .....  
( desert habitat - agricultural habitat - rivers )
- 3- Plants near ..... need a lot of water.  
(desert habitat - agricultural habitat - lakes and rivers )
- 4- The ..... grow near rivers and lakes.  
( acacia - orange tree - lotus flower )
- 5- We grow ..... in the agricultural habitat.  
( bean plant - reed - tamarisk )
- 6- A reed is the ..... plant.  
( tall - taller - tallest )
- 7- the elephant is ..... animal.  
( the biggest - biggest - bigger than )



### 3- Read and put true (✓) or false (X):

Desert habitat.

There is not much rain here. Plants that live in the desert don't need a lot of water. We can find tamarisk and acacia in the desert. We can find animals like camels and fennec fox.

- 1- There is much rain in the desert. ( )
- 2- We can find tamarisk and acacia in the desert. ( )
- 3- Plants that live in the desert need a lot of water. ( )
- 4- The camels live in the desert. ( )

### 4- Look and write four (4) sentences:



### 5- Punctuate the following sentence:

where does ahmed live

.....



# Lesson 3

## Seeds

### Vocabulary

#### Main Vocabulary



pollen

لقاح



wind

رياح



fur

فرو



float

يطفو



clean

ينظف



tank

خزان



pipe

ماسورة



root

جذع

#### Other Vocabulary

place	مكان	seeds	بذور
light	ضوء	very	جدا
stick	يلصق	usually	عادة
dirty	قذر - متسخ	help	يساعد
homes	منازل	use	يستخدم
cook	يطبخ	many	كثير
top	قمة	wash	يغسل
nutrients	مواء غذائية	some	بعض

#### Verbs

present

past

make

يصنع

made

can

يستطيع

could



move

يتحرك

moved

Expressions

travel away from

يغادر بعيدا عن

take the seeds with them

يأخذ البذور معه

float on water

يطفو على الماء

dirty water

ماء عكر

clean water

ماء نظيف

*Science lesson***How do seeds move to new places to grow?**

1- A plant produces pollen in a flower.

ينتج النبات لقاح في الزهرة.

2- It uses pollen to move new seeds.

انه يستخدم اللقاح لكي يصنع بذور جديدة.

3- The seeds travel away from the plants.

تغادر البذور بعيدا عن النبات

4- The seeds need a new place to grow.

تحتاج البذور مكان جديد لتنمو.

a. Some seeds can move in the wind.

بعض البذور تتقل في الرياح.

b. Some seeds can stick to an animal skin.

بعض البذور تلتصق بجلد الحيوانات.

c. Some seeds can float on water.

بعض البذور تطفو على الماء.

a. These seeds are very light.

b. The animals move and take seeds with them.

c. These seeds are usually big and light.

a



b



c





## Reading

## How can reeds clean water?

كيف ينظف البوص الماء.

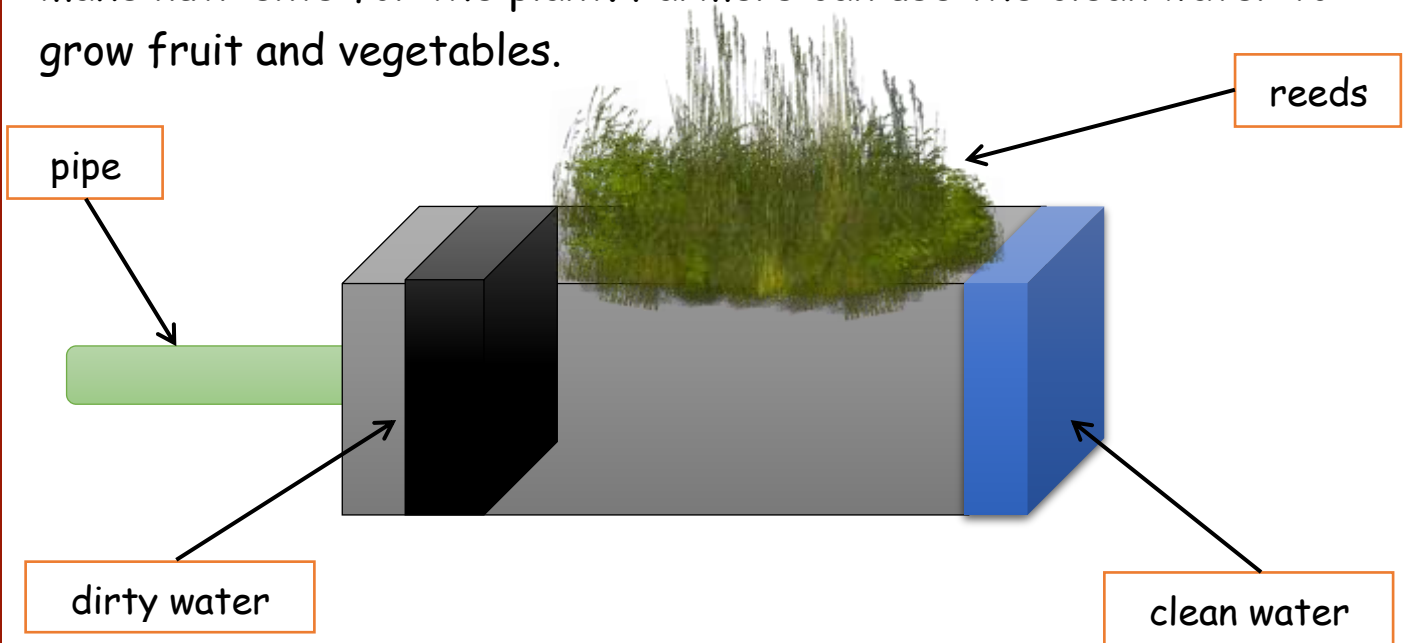
Plants can help us in many ways. For example, some plants can clean dirty water.

We use water in our homes for many things.

We cook with water, wash our hands, and take a shower. When dirty water leaves a house, it goes in a big pipe. In some places, the pipe takes the dirty water to a special tank.

At the top of the tank, there are reeds.

The roots of the reeds clean the water. The plant cells in the roots make nutrients for the plant. Farmers can use the clean water to grow fruit and vegetables.



### معلومة قديمة بطريقة جديدة:

الاسم المفرد يسبق ب a أو an

نضع an قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يسبق بصوت (أ - إ - أ)

نضع a قبل الاسم الذي يبدأ بأي صوت آخر.

a book

a pen

an ant

an umbrella

a unit

- It's a book.

- It's an elephant





## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- This is a beautiful .....
- 2- Some seeds can ..... on water.
- 3- We breathe the .....
- 4- How can ..... clean water?

### 2- Choose the odd word:

- 1- cook - pollen - make - move
- 2- water - juice - tea - flower
- 3- Friday - Saturday - January - Wednesday
- 4- wash - seed - pollen - root

### 3- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- A plant produces ..... in a flower.  
( trees - air - pollen )
- 2- Some seeds can stick in animal's .....  
( eye - fur - ear )
- 3- The seeds which move in the air is very .....  
( light - heavy - big )
- 4- I ate ..... egg for breakfast.  
( a - an - than )
- 5- Salma bought ..... book yesterday.  
( a - an - these )



## 4- Look and answer:



What's this?

.....



What's this?

.....



What are these?

.....



What are these?

.....

## 5- Read and answer:

Reeds are plants that grow near the river and help us make a clean environment. We can use reeds to clean the dirty water that we use in our houses for cooking, washing hands or taking a shower. They are very helpful.

A) Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Reeds help us make a (dirty - unhealthy - clean) environment.
- 2- The word "They" refers to (people - water - reeds).

B) Answer the following questions:

- 1- Where do reeds grow?

.....

- 2- What do reeds do for us?

.....

## 6- Punctuate the following sentence:

how can reeds clean water

.....



## Lesson 4

## The plant cell

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary



plant cell

الخلية النباتية



Chloroplasts

البلاستيدات الخضراء



Oxygen

أوكسجين



carbon dioxide

ثاني أكسيد الكربون



microscope

ميكروسكوب



polluted

ملوث

## Other Vocabulary

DNA information	معلومات وراثية	important	مهم
part	جزء	outside	خارج
sunlight	ضوء الشمس	air	هواء
breathe	يتنفس	city	مدينة
because	لأن	factory	مصنع
car	سيارة	house	منزل
park	حديقة - منتزة	apartment	شقة
cool	رائع	people	ناس

## Verbs

## present

## past

clean	ينظف
need	يحتاج
use	يستخدم

cleaned  
needed  
used

## Science lesson

### The plant cell

#### الخلية النباتية

- A plant is made of millions of **cells**. يتكون النبات من ملايين الخلايا.
- The plant cells are very, very small. الخلايا النباتية صغيرة جدا جدا.
- **Chloroplasts** make the plant green. البلاستيدات الخضراء تجعل النبات اخضر.
- You can only see them with a **microscope**. تستطيع أن تراهم فقط من خلال الميكروسكوب.
- The green plant cells make food for the plant. They use **sunlight**, **carbon dioxide** and **water**. الخلايا النباتية الخضراء تصنع الغذاء للنبات فهي تستخدم ضوء الشمس وثاني أكسيد الكربون والماء.



## Reading

### How plants clean air?

#### كيف تنقي النباتات الهواء.

People need oxygen so we can breathe. In our cities, the air is polluted because of factories and cars. There is a lot of carbon dioxide in the air.

Polluted: dirty from factories and cars.

Plants take carbon dioxide from the air. The plant cells need carbon dioxide to make nutrients for the plant. The plants also make oxygen. Plants in our houses and parks give us oxygen to breathe.

Carbone dioxide: a gas in the air that plants use to make their food.

In some cities, like Paris and Milan, people are growing plants on apartment buildings. These plants keep the buildings cool and help with air pollution. The people who live in the buildings can breathe cleaner air.

Oxygen: a gas in the air that people need to breathe.

### Let's remember

#### لزاى اجمع الاسم؟

الاسم يجمع بإضافة (s) غالبا:

a boy	ولد	boys	أولاد
a book	كتاب	box	كتب

**لاحظ:** لو الكلمة أُنْتهت ب ( Y ) يسبقه حرف ساكن أحذف ال (y) وحط ies

city	مدينة	cities	مدن
------	-------	--------	-----

factory	مصنع	factories	مصانع
---------	------	-----------	-------

ياحظ: هناك بعض الكلمات جمعها زي مفردھا

sheep	خروف	sheep	خرفان
fish	سمكة	fish	سمك

ياحظ: الكلمة المنهية ب f او fe تقلب الي ves عند الجمع

wife	زوجة	wives	زوجات
leaf	ورقة شجر	leaves	أوراق الشجر

## Homework

### 1- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- We need a ..... to see plant cells.  
( pollen - chloroplasts - microscope )
- 2- People need ..... to breathe.  
( Oxygen - seeds - carbon dioxide )
- 3- The air in big cities is ..... because of factories and cars.  
( fresh - polluted - good - clean )
- 4- ..... is a gas in the air that green plants use to make food.  
( cell - carbon dioxide - oxygen )
- 5- There are three ..... in our city.  
( factory - factories - a factory )

### 2- Read and match:

1- Oxygen	a. is a gas that plants need to make food.
2- Carbon dioxide	b. is a gas that people need to breathe.
3- polluted	c. make the plant green.
4- Chloroplasts	d. millions of cells.
	e. means something is dirty from cars and factories.

### 3- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....







## Lesson 4

## The plant cell

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary



swim

يعوم



slice

شريحة



swan

بجعة



slippers

شبشب



switch

مفتاح كهرباء



sleep

ينام



sweet

حلوي



sweep

يكنس

100

1000

hundred

مائة

thousand

ألف

1,000,000

1,000,000,000

million

مليون

billion

بليون

## Other Vocabulary

dry	جاف	farm	مزرعة
forty	أربعين	year	سنة
ago	منذ	land	الأرض
no one	لا أحد	there	هناك
noise	ضوضاء	difficult	صعب
life	الحياة	rainwater	مياه الامطار
liter	لتر	proud	فخور
good	جيد	diagram	رسم بياني



## Verbs

### present

### past

want	يريد
live	يعيش
plant	يزرع
sell	يبيع
work	يعمل
decide	يقرر

wanted  
lived  
planted  
sold  
worked  
decided

## Reading

### Lucas and his farm

Lucas lives on a farm in the United States. It is a very special farm. Forty years ago, the land was very dry. There was no farm. No one wanted to live there.



Lucas's grandparents lived in the city, but they didn't like it. They didn't like the polluted air and the noise. They wanted to have a farm. They decided to buy some land.

At first, life was very difficult. They worked very hard and they planted millions of seeds. They used rainwater to water the seeds. They needed about a billion liters of water a year. They used plants to clean the water.

They grew many fruits like oranges and lemons. They brought animals to the land. They planted trees and flowers. They sold their fruit and animals.

Today, Lucas lives on the farm with his mom and dad. They are very happy and they have a good life. They are very proud of Lucas's grandparents. They used plants to make the land green.

**\* Answer the following questions:**

1- Why did Lucas's grandparents plant seeds?

.....

2- How did Lucas's grandparents change the land?

.....

3- Why do you think Lucas likes the farm?

.....

**Math lesson**

**Let's read 1 by adding Extra 0**

يلا نقرأ الرقم واحد بإضافة صفر زيادة

كل مرة هنزود صفر ونقرأ

number	English	عربي
1	one	واحد
10	ten	عشرة
100	a hundred	مائة
1000	a thousand	ألف
10,000	ten thousand	عشرة آلاف
100,000	a hundred thousand	مائة ألف
1,000,000	a million	مليون
10,000,000	ten million	عشرة مليون
100,000,000	a hundred million	مائة مليون
1,000,000,000	a billion	بليون

A billion is a thousand million.



## Phonics lesson

### الفرق بين صوت SL و SW

sl	sw
حرف (L) ينطق مثل (J) slice شريحة slipper شبشب sleep ينام slow بطيء slap يصفع	حرف (w) ينطق مثل (و) swim يعموم swan بجعة switch مفتاح كهرباء sweep يكنس sweet حلوي

## Homework

### 1- Listen and write (sl) or (sw):

1- \_\_ \_ im

2- \_\_ \_ itch

3- \_\_ \_ eep

4- \_\_ \_ eet

5- \_\_ \_ an

6- \_\_ \_ ice

### 2- Choose the odd word:

1- hundred - litter - thousand - million

2- want - live - work - forty

3- good - day - year - month

4- one - five - sell - ten

### 3- Choose the correct answer:

1- a ..... is a thousand million.

( billion - hundred - ten billion )

2- There are cows live on the .....

( city - house - farm )



3- They use ..... to water the seeds.

( sea - pipe - rainwater )

4- There is polluted air and ..... in the city.

( good - sweet - noise )

5-  $600 + 400 =$  .....

( a thousand - a million - a billion )

6- I ..... in the lake.

( swan - swim - sweep )

7- my mum ..... the house in the morning.

( sleep - sweep - slice )

#### 4- Fill in the gapes:

( fruits - brought - millions - rainbow )

At first, life was very difficult. They worked very hard and they planted ..... of seeds. They uses ..... to water the seeds. They planted ..... like oranges and lemons. They ..... animals to the land.

#### 5- Look and write (4) sentences:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....



**Test on unit 3****1- Listen and complete:**

- 1- How do we ..... new tomatoes.
- 2- The elephant is the ..... animal.
- 3- A plant produces ..... in a flower.
- 4- The plant cell make ..... for the plant.
- 5- Lucas lives on the .....

**2- Circle the odd words:**

- 1- million - billion - water - hundred
- 2- lotus flower - reed - orange juice - desert
- 3- tall - heavy - bigger - light
- 4- roots - die - leaves - flowers
- 5- slippers - sweep - sleep - help

**3- Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- My city is ..... place to live.  
( nicer - nicest - the nicest )
- 1- A daisy is taller ..... a lotus flower.  
( then - than - there )
- 3- Some seeds ..... by air.  
( travel - walk - float )
- 4- A plant is made of millions of .....  
( flowers - plants - cells )
- 5- Tomatoes are ..... before they are red.  
( yellow - green - orange )
- 6- ..... make plants green.  
( Cells - Roots - Chloroplasts )



#### 4- Read and answer:

Papyrus is a very special plant that grows in the Nile Delta. It is famous because Ancient Egyptians used papyrus for paper. They also made sandals and baskets from papyrus. Today, There are not many papyrus plants near the Nile. Farmers like to grow fruits and vegetables. People do not use papyrus for paper now. Papyrus plants are still important in some places because they help to clean water.

Papyrus ورق البردي

Ancient Egyptians المصريون القدماء

#### A) Answer the following questions:

1- Where does papyrus grow?

.....

2- What did Ancient Egyptians to use papyrus for?

.....

3- What does farmers like to grow now?

.....

#### B) Put True (✓) or false (X)

4- Ancient Egyptians use papyrus to make sandals. ( )

5- People use papyrus for paper now. ( )

#### 5- look and write four sentences:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....



#### 6- Punctuate the following:

locus lives on a farm in america

.....

# UNIT 4

## Where do you live?



*Mr. Mohamed Gad*

*01092786381*



# Lesson 1

## At home

VI NOUIG

### Vocabulary

#### Main Vocabulary



kitchen

مطبخ



bedroom

غرفة النوم



bathroom

حمام



living room

غرفة المعيشة



dining room

غرفة الطعام



balcony

بالكونية



house

منزل



tent

خيمة



cave

كهف



apartment

شقة



houseboat

مركب



street

شارع

#### Other Vocabulary

lovely	محبوب	new	جديد
fantastic	رائع	favourite	مفضل
room	غرفة	organize	ينظم
grandparents	الأجداد	rock	صخور
never	أبدا	aunt	عمة / خالة





hot	حار	cold	برد
people	ناس	cloth	قماش
inside	داخل	outside	خارج

## Verbs

present		past
see	يري	saw
help	يساعد	helped
live	يعيش	lived
move	يتحرك	moved
love	يحب	loved

## Expressions

It's fantastic	انها رائعة
That sounds good	هذا يبدو جيد
for me	بالنسبة لي
let's do it	هيا نفعلها

## Reading

**Mom:** Look at our lovely apartment!

**Talia:** It's fantastic!

**Mom:** Which is your favourite room?

**Talia:** For me it's my bedroom.

**Mom:** My favorite is the living room with the balcony. I can see the whole street! Talia, can you help me organize the kitchen?

**Talia:** That sounds good, Let's do it!



## Reading

### Where do we live?

1- Mm grandparents live in a **cave**. The rooms of their houses are in the rock. inside it's never too hot or too cold.



2- My aunt moved to a new **apartment** with her family. They are very happy because they have a big balcony.



3- My friend and her family live on a **houseboat**. It's small, but she loves living on water.



4- In the desert, some people live in a **tent**. this home is made of cloth.



5- I love living in a **house** because it's big. My grandparents live with us. I can play outside with my brother and sister.



## notes

سؤال شخص عن غرفته المفضلة:

1

Which is your favourite room?

- It's + الغرفة المفضلة

والرد:



- It's my bedroom.

إنها غرفة نومي

- It's the living room.

أنها غرفة المعيشة



Which is your favourite room?

Which is your favourite room?

.....

.....

للتعبير عن الاثارة:

2

- It's fantastic.

انه رائع

- That sounds good.

هذا يبدو جيد

يلا نكتب ٤ جمل عن أي مبنى:

3

- This is a + المبنى

- It's my favourite building. انه المبنى المفضل لدي.

- ( small - big - beautiful - amazing ) الصفة + is + المبنى

- It's in the + المكان ( desert - water - city - village )

\* Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....  
 .....  
 .....  
 .....  
 .....







## Homework

### 1- listen and complete:

- 1- That sounds .....
- 2- This is the .....
- 3- I live in a .....
- 4- I can play in my .....

### 2- Circle the odd word:

- 1- live - kitchen - bathroom - bedroom
- 2- father - brother - sister - house
- 3- tent - cave - houseboat - car
- 4- small - big - move - happy
- 5- which - where - do - what

### 3- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- There is a ..... in the living room. I can see the whole street!  
( bathroom - balcony - kitchen )
- 2- I sleep in the .....  
( bedroom - living room - dining room )
- 3- My mum cooks food in the .....  
( bedroom - kitchen - balcony )
- 4- The ..... is made of cloth.  
( house - tent - apartment )



5- There is a big balcony in the .....

( cave - tent - apartment )

6- She lives in a ..... . She loves living on water.

( house - houseboat - cave )

7- ..... is your favorite room? - It's my bedroom.

( Which - What - When )

## 4- Look and answer:



What's this?

.....



Which is your favourite room?

.....

## 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



## 6- Punctuate the following dialogue:

can you help mona organize the room

.....



## Lesson 2

## Where is it?

MUGG IS TA

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary



school

مدرسة



supermarket

سوبر ماركت



shopping mall

مول تجاري



post office

مكتب بريد



office

مكتب



hospital

مستشفى



park

حديقة



village

قرية

## Prepositions

on	علي	in	في
under	تحت	above	أعلي
next to	بجانب	between	بين
behind	خلف	in front of	أمام

## Other vocabulary

yellow	أصفر	brown	بني
green	أخضر	where	اين - حيث
letters	خطابات	clothes	ملابس
shoes	حذاء	work	يعمل - عمل
sick	مريض	when	متي - عندما



## Verbs

### present

buy	يشترى
send	يرسل
learn	يتعلم
buy	يشترى
go	يذهب

### past

bought  
sent  
learned  
bought  
went

## Reading

My name's Zain. I live in a village next to the Nile. I live in a house with my family.

Our house isn't the biggest in the village. It is between a yellow house and a brown house. There are tall trees behind the house.



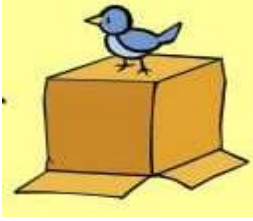
### What do we do in these places:

The place	The job
office	where my mom and dad work حيث يعمل أبي و أمي
supermarket	where we buy food حيث نشترى الطعام
shopping mall	where I buy clothes and shoes حيث أشتري الملابس و الأحذية
school	where I learn حيث أتعلم
hospital	where we go when we are sick حيث نذهب عندما نمرض
post office	where we send letters حيث نرسل خطابات

## Grammar

### Prepositions

#### حروف الجر



on

علي



in

في



under

تحت



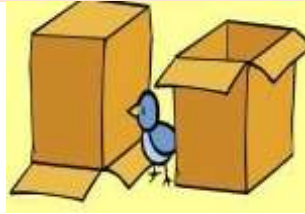
above

أعلى



next to

بجانب



between

بين



behind

خلف



in front of

أمام

#### تكوين الجمل:

شيء ٢ + the + حرف جر + is + شيء ١ + The

The car is next to the tent.

السيارة بجوار الخيمة.

..... السوبر ماركت خلف الحديقة.

..... المكتب أعلى المول التجاري.

..... السوبر ماركت أمام المدرسة.

..... الطائرة على الشجرة.

..... القطة تحت الكرسي.



**لاحظ:** حرف الجر between يأتي بعدة شيئين ونربط بينهم ب and  
المدرسة بين المستشفى ومكتب البريد.

The school is between the hospital and the post office.

الكرة بين الكرسي و المنضدة. ....  
السوبر ماركت بين الحديقة والمدرسة.

**\*Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- The hospital is ..... to the office.  
( next - front - behind )
- 2- The office is ..... the supermarket.  
( between - in front - above )
- 3- There is a post office in ..... shopping mall.  
( behind - next to - front of )
- 4- There is a plant ..... the sofa.  
( behind - between - in )
- 5- I put my clothes ..... the cupboard.  
( under - behind - in )
- 6- There is a school ..... post office.  
( on - above - between )





## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- I live in a .....
- 2- There are tall trees ..... the house.
- 3- I learn at .....
- 4- I ..... with my family.

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- We buy food from the .....  
( office - supermarket - hospital )
- 2- I buy clothes and shoes from the .....  
( post office - shopping mall - office )
- 3- We go to the ..... when we are sick.  
( hospital - school - supermarket )
- 4- The pink house is ..... the red house and the brown house.  
( under - between - in front )
- 5- There are 4 chairs ..... the balcony.  
( in - under - next )
- 6- My grandpa grew 3 trees ..... our house.  
( above - under - in front of )

### 3- Read the passage and answer the questions:



My name's Zain. I live in a village next to the Nile. I live in a house with my family. Our house isn't the biggest in the village. It is between a yellow house and a brown house. There are tall trees behind the house.

**A) Put true (✓) or false (X):**

1- Zain lives in a village. ( )

2- Zain's house is the biggest house in the village. ( )

3- Zain's house is brown. ( )

**B) Answer the questions:**

1- Where is the village?

.....

2- Who does Zain live with?

.....

**4- Look and write four (4) sentences:**

.....  
 .....  
 .....  
 .....  
 .....



**5- Punctuate the following sentence:**

which house does zain live in

.....



# Lesson 3

## Giving directions

### Vocabulary

#### Main Vocabulary



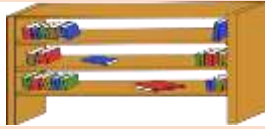
sports cub

نادي رياضي



station

محطة



library

مكتبة



museum

متحف



town

مدينة صغيرة



Go straight

سر بشكل مستقيم



Turn right

استدر يمينا



Turn left

استدر يسارا

#### Other Vocabulary

store	متجر	places	أماكن
every morning	كل صباح	often	غالبا
near	بالقرب من	side	جانب
where	اين؟	second	ثاني
corner	زاوية	Excuse me!	معذرة
happy	سعيد	today	اليوم
directions	اتجاهات	street	شارع
north	شمال	south	جنوب

#### Verbs



## present

## past

walk	يمشي
go	يذهب
come	يأتي

walked  
went  
came

## Expressions

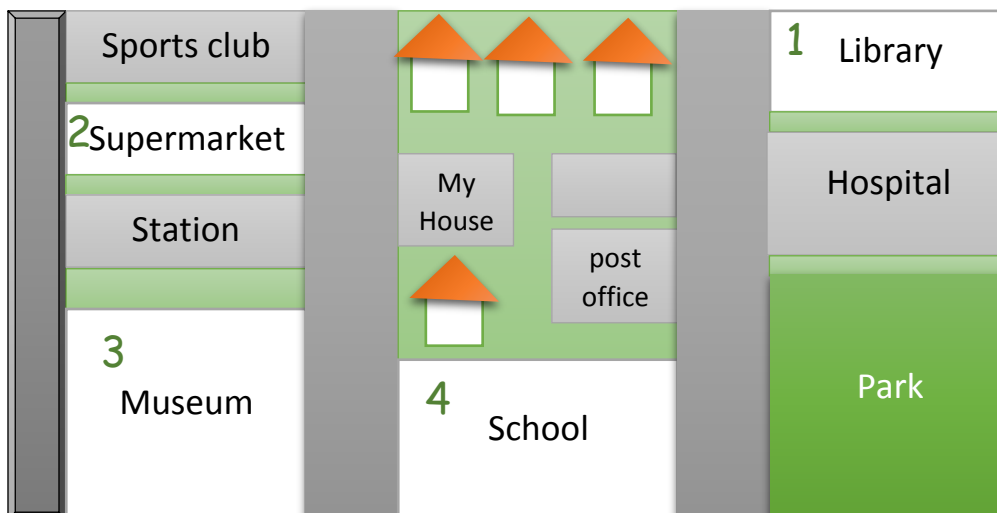
Take the second right	خذ ثاني شارع يمين
on the corner	في الزاوية
Thank you	شكرا لك
on the other side	في الجانب الاخر

## Reading

I love my town. It's small, but it has stores, offices, a school, and many other places. It is a good place to live. I walk to school every morning. My school is next to the hospital. Next to the hospital, there is a park. I often play football in the park with my friends.

Near my house, there is a supermarket. It's between the station and the sports club.

The shopping mall is on the other side of the station, so the station is between the supermarket and the shopping mall. My dad's office is in front of the park. It's next to the post office.



Nader

**\* Answer True (✓) or false (X)**

- 1- Nader's town is very big. ( )
- 2- He goes to school by car. ( )
- 3- There are three houses in front of the shopping mall. ( )
- 4- His town doesn't have a park. ( )
- 5- Nader's dad's office is next to the hospital. ( )
- 6- The station is between the shopping mall and the supermarket. ( )

**Grammar**

**Giving directions**

**أعطاء الاتجاهات**

**أهم ٣ كلمات لازم تكون عارفهم و أنت بتعطي اتجاه لأي حد :**



Go straight ahead  
سر بشكل مستقيم



Turn right  
أستدر يمينا



Turn left  
أستدر يسارا

عايز أقول لحد مشي طوالي و أحود يمينا اقولها ازاى:

Go straight ahead and turn right.

قول انت دي بقا: مشي طوالي وأحود شمال

**عايز أقول خد الشارع ( الأول - الثاني - الثالث ) ( يمينا - شمال )**

Take the	{	first	أول	{	right	يمينا
		second	ثاني		left	شمال
		third	ثالث			



Take the first right.

خد اول يمين.

خد تاني شمال.

خد اول شمال.

خد ثالث يمين.

خد ثاني يمين.

**3** خلي بالك من ال ٣ دول:

It's on the corner.

عايز تقول ان المكان في زاوية الشارع

It's on the right.

عايز تقول ان المكان علي يمينك

It's on the left.

عايز تقول ان المكان علي شمالك

**4** للسؤال عن مكان شيء ما:

Where is the + المكان ؟

Where is the post office?

اين مكتب البريد؟

أين المستشفى؟

**\* Look and answer in four (4) sentences:**

Help this man to reach the hospital. ساعد هذا الرجل في الوصول الي المستشفى.

The man: Excuse me! Where is the hospital?

You: .....





## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- I love my .....
- 2- It's a good ..... to live.
- 3- This is a .....
- 4- It's ..... to the hospital.

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Go straight ..... and turn right.  
( ahead - head - heads )
- 2- ..... the first right.  
( Turn - Go - Take )
- 3- The hospital is ..... the other side.  
( in - at - on )
- 4- ..... the supermarket? - It's on the left.  
( When - Where - What )
- 5- ..... straight ahead.  
( Go - Turn - Take )

### 3- Rearrange the following:

- 1- next - school - the - to - It's.  
.....

- 2- Take - second - right - the.  
.....

- 3- The - Where - hospital - is?



4- is - corner - It - on - the.

## 4- Look and answer:



Where is the supermarket?



Where is the cat?



What's this?

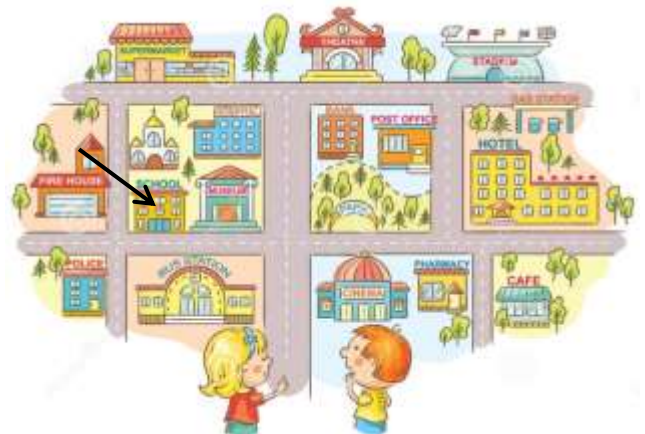


What are these?

## 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

Help Ahmed to reach his school.

ساعد أحمد في الوصول لمدرسته



## 6- Punctuate the following:

go straight ahead





## Lesson 4

## My town

TATL TOMU

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary



Hurghada

مدينة الغردقة



Brighton

مدينة برايتون



Sahl Hasheesh

ساحل حشيش



Sahara Desert

الصحراء الكبرى



Brighton beach

شاطيء برايتون



Briton Pier

رصيف ميناء برايتون



upside down

مقلوب



map

خريطة

## Other vocabulary

Hi	مرحبا	city	مدينة كبيرة
south	جنوب	people	ناس
east	شرق	resturant	مطعم
cool	رائع	tourists	سياح
safaries	رحلات سفاري	bazaar	بازار
beautiful	جميل	also	أيضا
England	إنجلترا	games	ألعاب
rides	ألعاب في الملاهي	unsual	غير عادي

## Verbs

present

past



call	يسمي / يدعي
go	يذهب
have - has	لديه - يمتلك
come	يأتي

called  
went  
had  
came

### Expressions

It's great fun!
It's called

إنه فرح كبير  
انها تسمى

### Reading

#### Hurghada-My town

Hi, I'm Mariam. I live in a city called Hurghada.

It's in the east of Egypt on the red sea. It's a big city and about 190,000 people live here.

In Hurghada, there is a beach and there are lots of interesting things to do. There is the Sahara Desert where lots of tourists go on safaries. We have Sahel Hasheesh in the south of Hurghada. It has some beautiful houses and interesting bazaars.



#### \* Answer the following questions:

- 1- Where does Marian live? .....
- 2- Where is it? .....
- 3- How many people live there? .....
- 4- Mention some interesting places in Hurghada.  
.....

## Brighton-My town

Hi, I'm Alex. I live in a city called Brighton. It's in the south of England. It's a small city and about 200,000 live here. In Brighton, there is a beach and there are lots of cool stores and restaurants.



Lots of my tourists come to my town to go to the beach. We also have Brighton Pier. There are many games and rides for children here. We also have a very unusual in Brighton the Upside Down House! It's great fun!



### \* Answer the following questions:

- 1- Where does Alex live? .....
- 2- Where is it? .....
- 3- How many people live there? .....
- 4- Mention some interesting places in Brighton.  
.....

### Write about your city

- I live in a city called + اسم المدينة
- It's in the north/ south of Egypt.
- About + رقم + people live here.
- There is a + شيء مفرد
- There are + أشياء جمع

My city

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- I live in a city called .....
- 2- How ..... people live there?
- 3- There are lots of cool .....
- 4- It's great .....

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- I live in a ..... called Hurghada.  
( city - school - hospital )
- 2- We use a ..... to know where a place is.  
( bazaar - map - game )
- 3- Hurghada is in the ..... of Egypt.  
( south - east - north )
- 4- Brighton is in the south of .....  
( France - China - England )
- 5- Lots of tourists go on Safari in Sahara .....  
( beach - Desert - river )
- 6- The Upside House is in .....  
( Hurghada - Brighton - Alexandria )

### 3- Read the passage and answer the questions:

Brighton is a small city in the south of England. About 200,000 people live there. In Brighton, There is a beach and there are lots of



cool stores and restaurants. Lots of tourists come to Brighton to go to the beach.

**A) Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- Brighton is in the ..... of England.  
( north - south - east - west )
- 2- Tourists come to Brighton to go to the .....  
( supermarket - store - restaurant - beach )
- 3- The underlined word "there" refers to .....  
( Brighton - England - stores - restaurants )

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 4- What are the interesting places in Brighton?  
.....
- 5- Is Brighton a big city?  
.....

**4- Look and write four sentences about:**

"Hurghada"



**5- Punctuate the following sentence:**

does mariam like living in hurghada



## Lesson 5

## Living on a boat

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary



face

وجة



cave

كهف



fan

مروحة



living room

غرفة المعيشة



fish

سمكة



van

شاحنة صغيرة



foot

قدم



vegetables

خضراوات

## Other Vocabulary

living	الحياة	boat	قارب
summer	الصيف	with	مع
up	أعلى	down	أسفل
the Nile	النيل	interesting	مثير - شيق
over	جميع / أنحاء	world	عالم
English	اللغة الإنجليزية	Chinese	صيني
Suddenly	فجأة	fell into	يقع - يسقط
Learn	يتعلم	work	يعمل - عمل

## Verbs

## present

## past

stop	يتوقف
see	يري

stopped  
saw





shout	يصرخ - يصيح
jump	يقفز
swim	يسبح - يعوم
save	ينقذ - يحفظ
smile	يتسم

shouted  
jumped  
swam  
saved  
smiled

### Expressions

travel up and down	ينتقل لأعلى ولأسفل
please help me	من فضلك ساعدني
thank you so much	شكرا جزيلا لك

## Reading

### Living on a boat

My friend Sherief lives on a boat in the Summer. His parents work on tourist boat so he goes with them. They travel up and down the Nile.

He likes the summer very much. He sees many interesting places and he meets people from all over the world. He speaks English and Chinese with the tourists.



One day, the boat stopped and Sherif saw many children playing. Suddenly a small child fell into the river! The child shouted "Please help me!"

Sherif called his dad. Dad saw the child and jumped into the river. He swam and saved the child! The child smiled and said. "Thank you so much!"

Sherif was very happy, but he also decided to learn swim.



### \* Answer true (✓) or false (X):

- 1- Sherif lives in a city in the summer. ( )
- 2- Sherif can speak English and Chinese. ( )
- 3- The small child fell into the river. ( )
- 4- Sherif saved the child. ( )

### Phonics lesson

#### /f/ sound & /v/ sound

/f/ sound		/v/ sound	
صوت حرف ال (f)		صوت حرف ال (v)	
foot	قدم	van	شاحنة صغيرة
fan	مروحة	vegetables	خضراوات
face	وجه	living room	غرفة المعيشة
fish	سمكة	cave	كهف

### Let's remember

السؤال بهل هو سؤال يبدأ ب ( Is - Are - Do - Does - Did - Can ) او أي فعل مساعد ثاني

السؤال بهل يسمى باللغة الإنجليزية Yes or No question  
للاجابة على السؤال بهل:

نضع yes او No ونبدل بين اول اثنين في السؤال ( الفعل المساعد و الفاعل )  
مع ملاحظة I - تحول الي you والعكس  
- مع no حط n't بعد ما تبدل



Is it a van?

.....



Are they your feet?

.....



## Homework

### 1- Listen and write /f/ or /v/:

1- \_ ace

2- \_ ish

3- ca \_ e

4- \_ an

5- \_ egetables

6- \_ an

### 2- Fill in the gaps:

( boat - dad - English - river )

1- The small child fell into the .....

2- Sherif's ..... saved the child.

3- sherif can speak ..... and chinese.

4- sherif lives on a .....

### 3- Choose the correct answer:

1- A small child fell into the river, but my dad ..... him.

( saved - played - jumped )

2- When it's hot. I turn on the .....

( van - cave - fan )

3- My dad work on a tourist .....

( Pyramid - boat - Nile )

4- I live eating .....

( fish - fan - van )

5- I ..... into the river.

( jumbed - saw - lived )

## 4- Look and answer:



Do you like vegetables?

.....



Is it a fan?

.....



Does she live in a cave?

.....



What's this?

.....

## 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



## 6- Punctuate the following dialogue:

does mohamed live on a boat in summer

.....

ربي أسألك التوفيق



## Test on unit 4

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- Noa works at thwe .....
- 2- I live in a .....
- 3- It's a good place to .....
- 4- I live in a ..... called hurghada.

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- It's ..... the corner.  
( of - on - above )
- 2- The ..... is a place where we buy food.  
( school - post office - supermarket )
- 3- The cat is ..... to the box.  
( behind - next - from )
- 4- ..... is your school?  
( What - Where - Why )
- 5- people live in ..... in the desert.  
( houseboats - apartments - tents )
- 6- Go stright ahead and then ..... right.  
( turn - take - run )

### 3- Read and answer:

This is Maggie. She works at the supermarket near my house. My family and I see her every week when we buy food. Maggie checks

# sunset

the food is fresh. She helps us when we can't find something. She is very kind and happy.

1- Maggie works at the suppermarket. ( )

2- The supermarket isn't near the house. ( )

3- I see maggie when we buy food. ( )

4- Magy is very kind. ( )

## 4- Look and answer:

School

Post office

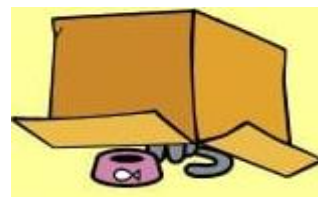
Where is the school?



What's this?



Where do you live?



Where is the cat?

## 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....

.....

.....

.....



## 6- Punctuate the following sentence:

where does ahmed live

.....

# UNIT 2

[www.Cryp2Day.com](http://www.Cryp2Day.com)  
موقع مذكرات جاهزة للطباعة

## Where do you work?



*Mr. Mohamed Gad*

*01092786381*



## Lesson 1

## Our jobs

### Vocabulary

#### Main Vocabulary:



builder

عامل بناء



bus driver

سائق اتوبيس



electrician

فني كهرباء



garbage collector

جامع القمامة



mail carrier

ساعي البريد



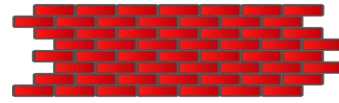
mechanic

ميكانيكي



plumber

سباك



wall

جدار - حائط

#### Other vocabulary

strong	قوي	safe	أمن
electricity	الكهرباء	lights	الاضواء
computer	كمبيوتر	pipe	ماسورة
faucet	صنبور	keep	يحافظ
garbage	القمامة	deliver	يُسلم
package	طرد - متاع	fix	يصلح
Who ...?	من ...؟	How many ....?	كم عدد ...؟

#### Verbs

present

past

make

يصنع

made

connect	يتصل
use	يستخدم
take	يأخذ

connected  
used  
took

## Expressions

do homework
have a shower
brush teeth
take away

يؤدي الواجب المنزلي  
يأخذ دش  
ينظف اسنانه بالفرشاة  
يتخلص من

## Definitions

A buider	عامل بناء
An electrician	فني كهرباء
A plumber	سباك
A garbage collector	جامع القمامة
A mail carrier	ساعي البريد
A mechanic	ميكانيكي
A bus drive	سائق التاكسي

makes the walls يبنى الحوائط  
connects the electricity يوصل الكهرباء  
connects the pipes and faucets يوصل المواسير و الصنابير  
takes away the garbage يتخلص من القمامة  
delivers your letters and packages يوصل خطاباتك و طرودك  
fixs the car يصلح السيارة  
takes you to school يأخذك الي المدرسة

## Reading

**How many people helped you live in your home?**

ما عدد الناس التي ساعدتك علي الحياة في منزلك؟



A **builder** made the walls strong and safe.

An **electrician** connected the electricity so you can use lights, watch TV, or do your homework on a computer.

A **plumber** connected the pipes and faucets so you have water to have a shower and brush your teeth.

A **garbage collector** takes away all the garbage, so you can keep your house nice and clean.

A **mail carrier** delivers your letters and packages.

But you also need help when you leave the house. You need a **mechanic** to fix the car or **the bus driver** to take you to school.

## \* Answer the following questions:

1- Who made you somewhere to live?

.....

2- Who helps you get to school on time?

.....

3- Who connected your home to electricity so you can watch TV?

.....

4- Who connected your home to water so you can wash your hair?

.....

5- Who helps you keep your home clean?

.....

## Writing

يلا نكتب أربع جمل عن أي وظيفة:





- He is a + الوظيفة
- He + الحاجة الي بيعملها
- It's an important job. إنها وظيفة مهمة.
- I like / don't like this job.

## \* Look and write 4 sentences:



## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- I ..... my homework at night.
- 2- I always ..... a shower.
- 3- Keep your house nice and .....
- 4- I use ..... to brush my teeth.

### 2- Match column (A) with column (B):

A	B
A buider	delivers your letters and packages.
A plumber	takes you to school.
A mail carrier	makes the walls.
A mechanic	fixs the car.
	connects the pipes and faucets.

### 3- Read and put true (✓) or false (X):

I'm mohamed. I'm a plumber. I love my job. My job is very important for you. I connect the pipes and fucets so you have water to have a shower and brush your teeth.

- 1- Mohamed is a plumber. ( )
- 2- Mohamed fixes cars. ( )
- 3- Mohamed connect the pipes and faucets. ( )
- 4- Mohamed doesn't help us to have water. ( )
- 5- I brush my teeth because there is a water. ( )

### 4- Circle the odd word out:

- 1- builder - plumber - garbage - mechanic
- 2- faucet - make - do - take
- 3- pipes - walls - letters - mechanic
- 4- car - bus - fix - van

### 5- Look and write four sentences:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



### 6- Punctuate the following:

who helps you get to school on time

.....

## Lesson 2

Electricity  
ELECTRICITY

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary:



practice

يمارس



storm

عاصفة



lightning

البرق



electric shock

صدمة كهربائية



Broken wire

سلك معزول



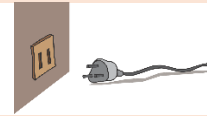
socket

مقبس كهرباء



plug

فيشة



unplug

غير متصل بالكهرباء



turn on

يشغل



turn off

يطفيء

## Other vocabulary

before	قبل	become	يصبح
safely	بأمان	second	ثانية
flash	وميض - ضوء	enough	كاف
dangerous	خطير	control	يتحكم
always	دائما	try	يحاول - يجرب
through	عبر - خلال	touch	يلمس
wet	مبتل	fire	حريق
waste	يهدر		

## Verbs

### present

study	يدرس
practice	يمارس
get	يحصل علي

### past

studied  
practiced  
got

## Expressions

Did you know?

yes, very dangrous.

Turn off the light.

هل تعرف؟

نعم خطير جدا.

اطفئ الانوار

## Science lesson

## Electricity

### الكهرباء

- Electricity travels faster than 300,000 kilometers / second.

تنتقل الكهرباء بسرعة أكبر من ٣٠٠,٠٠٠ كم / س.

- In a storm we sometimes see a flash of lightning. That flash has enough electricity for 1,000 families for a year.



أحيانا نري ضوء البرق اثناء العاصفة. هذا الضوء ينتج طاقة كهربائية تكفي لـ ١٠٠٠ أسرة لمدة سنة.

### **\* Is electricity dangrous?**

### **هل الكهرباء خطيرة؟**

- The electricity is very dangrous. If we get an electric shock, We can,t control our bodies. It can also burn us. Electricity is always trying to go into the ground. It travels easily through water and our bodies are 70% water.

الكهرباء خطيرة جدا. إذا اصيبنا بصدمة كهربائية فنحن لا نستطيع أن نتحكم بأجسادنا. فمن الممكن أن تحرقنا أيضا. تحاول الكهرباء دائما التسلل عبر الأرض. انها تغادر بسهولة عبر المياه واجسامنا تحتوي علي ٧٠٪ ماء.

## \*How can we use electricity safely? كيف يمكننا أن نستخدم الكهرباء بأمان؟

- Never touch anything electrical with wet hands.

لا تلمس أي شيء كهربائي بأيدي مبلولة.

- Don't use a broken wire. You can get an electric shock or start a fire!



لا تستخدم سلك معزول. لأنك ستسبب صدمة كهربائية أو ستبدأ حريق.

- Never put anything into a socket, only use plugs.

لا تضع أي شيء في مكبس الكهرباء. فقط ضع الفيشة.

## \* How can we safe electricity?

## كيف يمكننا الحفاظ على الكهرباء؟

- When you leave a room, turn off the lights.

عندما تغادر الغرفة اطفئ الانوار.

- If you are not using your computer or television, unplug it.

إذ لم تستخدم الكمبيوتر الخاص بك أو التلفاز، أفصل عنهم الكهرباء.



- Use natural light in the day.

استخدم ضوء النهار في النهار.

## \* Answer the questions:

1- How fast can electricity travel?

.....

2- Is electricity dangerous? .....

3- How much is seventy percent ( 70% )?



a.



b.



c.

4- Do you want to be electrician? Why?

.....

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- Turn ..... the lights, please.
- 2- Don't ..... electricity.
- 3- Don't touch a broken .....
- 4- Use natural light in the .....

### 2- choose the correct answer:

- 1- In the storm, we sometimes use a flash of .....  
( electricity - lights - lightning )
- 2- If we get an electric ....., We can't control our bodies.  
( book - shock - stick )
- 3- Never ..... anything electrical with wet hands.  
( change - put - touch )
- 4- When you leave a room, turn ..... the lights.  
( off - by - on - of )
- 5- If you aren't using your computer ..... it.  
( unplug - plug - waste )
- 6- Electricity ..... faster than 300,000 kilometers / second.  
( walks - runs - travels )
- 7- Never try to put anything in the .....  
( wall - socket - plug )

### 3- Put true (✓) beside the correct sentences:

How can we save electricity?

- 1- When you leave a room turn on the lights. ( )



- 2- Use natural light in the day. ( )
- 3- If you are not using your computer, unplug it. ( )
- 4- Turn on the lights on the day. ( )

#### 4- Read and answer:

Electricity is very dangerous. To use electricity safely Never touch anything electrical with wet hands. Don't use a broken wire. You can get an electric shock or start a fire! Never put anything into a socket, only use plugs.

#### A) Answer the following questions:

1- Why don't we use a broken wire?

.....

2- What is the only thing we can put in a socket?

.....

#### B) Answer true (✓) or false (×):

- 3- Electricity is very dangerous. ( )
- 4- Touch anything electrical with wet hands. ( )
- 5- a broken wire can start a fire. ( )

#### 5- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



#### 6- Punctuate the following sentence:

amera is an egyptain electrican

.....

## Lesson 3

## workers in our community

WORKERS IN OUR COMMUNITY

### Vocabulary

#### Main Vocabulary:



skills

مهارات



workers

عمال



help

يساعد



community

مجتمع



this

هذا - هذه (قريب)



that

هذا - هذه (بعيد)



these

هؤلاء (قريب)



those

هؤلاء (بعيد)



hard hat

خوذة صلبة



tools

أدوات

#### Other vocabulary

people	ناس	together	معا
special	خاص	get to	يصل إلي
example	مثال	businesses	أعمال
break	يكسر - يحطم	feel	يشعر
local	محلي	boring	ممل
good	جيد	interesting	شيق

#### Verbs

present

past

make

يصنع

made

help

يساعد

helped

Expressions

help each other

يساعد بعضنا بعضا

get to work

يصل الي العمل

*Reading***Workers in our community****العمال في مجتمعنا**

Do you like helping people? In our community we can all help each other. Many of the people around us have special skills to help us. Together, we help each other and make our city or village a nicer place to live.



For example, a bus driver helps a builder to get to work. When the bus breaks, the bus driver needs the mechanic to fix the bus. All the local homes and businesses need a mail carrier to deliver the packages and letters. We all need the garbage collector to take away our garbage and keep our streets clean.

We can all help each other. It's the right thing to do and it feels good.

We all like different things. Some jobs are interesting for some people, but they are boring for other people. All the jobs are very important.

## Grammar

### Demonstrative pronouns

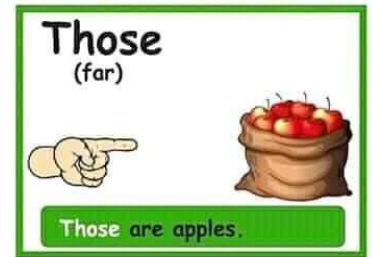
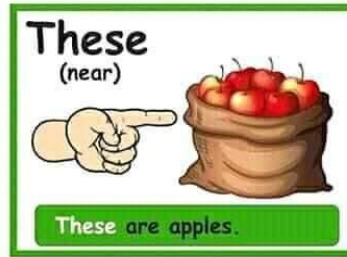
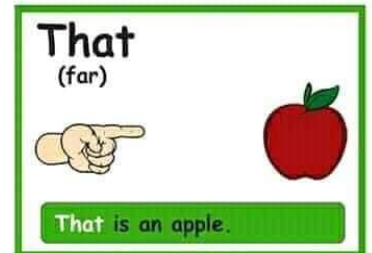
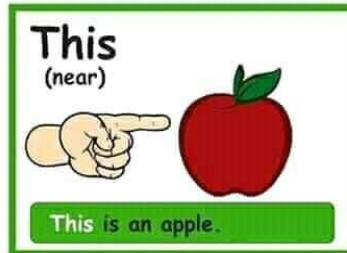
#### اسماء الإشارة

This (is) هذا / هذه للمفرد القريب

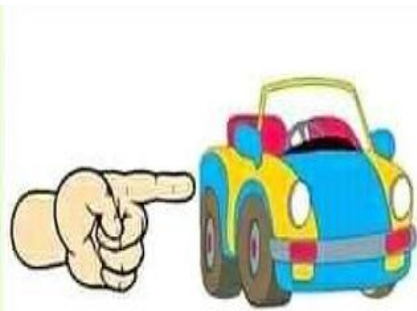
That (is) ذاك / تلك للمفرد البعيد

These (are) هؤلاء للجمع القريب

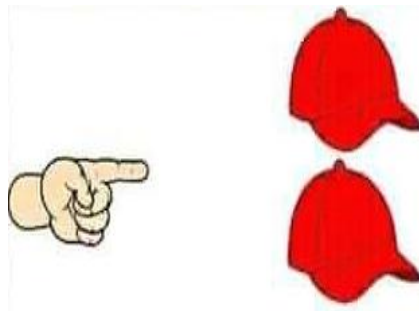
Those (are) أولئك للجمع البعيد



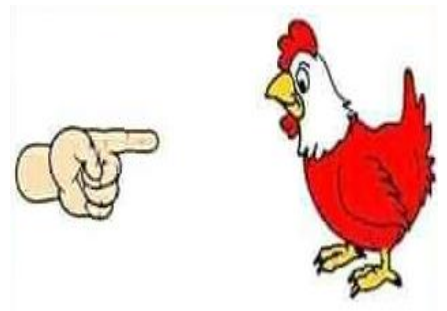
#### Write ( This - That - These - Those )



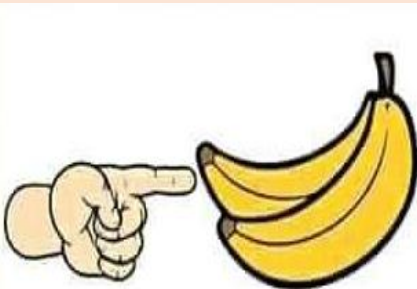
..... is a car.



..... are caps.



..... is a hen.



..... are bananas.



..... socks.



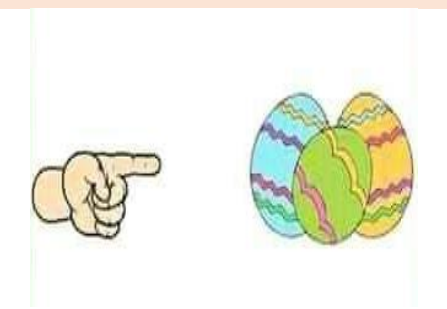
..... a chair.



..... is a boy.



..... are balls.



..... eggs.



## \* Complete the sentences:

That - These - This - Those

1- Can you see? ..... 's the mail carrier.



2- ..... is my aunt. Her name is Amera.  
She's a teacher.



3- ..... children are going to school.



4- ..... children are going to school.



## Homework

### 1- Listen and complete:

- 1- A garbage ..... is outside all day.
- 2- Some ..... are very boring.
- 3- They keep our streets .....
- 4- We can all ..... each other.

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- We ..... each other to make our city a nicer place.  
( help - take - get )
- 2- ..... are the plumber's tools.  
( This - That - These )

3- ..... is the builder's hat.

( Those - These - This )

4- The bus driver needs the ..... to fix the bus.

( builder - mechanic - plumber )

5- ..... flowers are cheap.

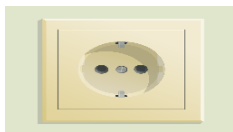
( those - this - that )

### 3- Look and answer:



Is he a mail carrier?

.....



What's this?

.....



Is he a bus driver?

.....



What are these?

.....

### 4- Look and write (4) sentences:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....



### 5- Punctuate the following:

ahmed is a mechanic

.....



## Lesson 4

## Three cousins

THREE COUSINS

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary:



screwdriver

مفك



tape measure

شريط قياس



blocks

مكعبات



architect

مهندس معماري



doctor

طبيب



dentist

طبيب أسنان



curious

فضولي - متطفل



patient

صبور

## Other Vocabulary

cousins	أبناء العم	different	مختلف
child	طفل	experement	تجارب
radio	راديو	cell phone	خلية التليفون
baby	طفل رضيع	top	قمة
things	أشياء	little	عنوان
doll	عروسة	angry	غضبان
adults	بالغون	call	يتصل

## Verbs

present

past

start

يبدأ

started

# sunset

carry	يحمل
play	يلعب
explain	يشرح
help	يساعد

carried  
played  
explained  
helped

## Expressions

get angry

When lara was a child

When she was older

يغضب

عندما كانت لارا طفلة

عندما كانت أكبر

## Reading

### Three cousins

أبناء الأعمام الثلاثة

Lara, Talia, and Amir are cousins, but they are all very different.



When Lara was a child, She loved to experiment. She was very **curious**. She always carried a **screwdriver** and she opened old radios, cell phones, and anything that had electricity. Her favourite question was **How does it work?** She learned about safety with electricity.

When Talia was a baby, She played with **blocks**. She put one block on top of another. When she was older, She started making things. She made a little house for her dog and a bed for her sister's doll. She always carried a **tape measure** and a pencil.



Amir was always very **patient** and he liked helping people. Sometimes, big brothers can get angry at little brothers, but Amir was never angry. He played, he played, and he explained.



Today, Lara, Talia, and Amir are all adults but they still call each other when they need some help.



**\* Think, choose, and write. What do you think Lara, Talia, and Amir do today?**

an architect

an electrician

a teacher

1- Lara is .....

2- Talia is .....

3- Amir is .....

**\* Answer the questions:**

1- Who does Amir call when the fan doesn't work? .....

2- Who does Lara call when she wants to change something in her house? .....

3- Who does Talia call When she doesn't understand something in her English class? .....

## Pronunciation

**A stressed syllable**

المقطع المشدد

الكلمة إما أن تتكون من مقطع واحد او من أكثر من مقطع:

One syllable words كلمات تتكون من مقطع واحد	يوجد بها صوت متحرك واحد: cat - hat - man - pen - door - book
Two syllable words كلمات تتكون من مقطعان	يوجد بيها صوتين متحركين: dentist - plumber - teacher - builder
Three syllable words كلمات تتكون من ثلاث مقاطع	يوجد بها ٣ أصوات متحركة: mechanic - architect - bus driver
Four syllable words كلمات تتكون من أربعة مقاطع	يوجد بها ٤ أصوات متحركة: electrician

الكلمة التي تتكون من أكثر من مقطع يوجد بها مقطع واحد مشدد a stressed syllable وهو المقطع المشدد عليه عند النطق: لاحظ الأمثلة التالية

plumber ↓ stressed syllable	mechanic ↓ stressed syllable	doctor ↓ stressed syllable
-----------------------------------	------------------------------------	----------------------------------

## Homework

### 1- Listen and circle the stressed syllable:

1- doc tor

2- dri ver

3- buil der

4- me chan ic

### 2- Choose the correct answer:

1- Lara opened the radio with the .....  
( spoon - screwdriver - pen )

2- Talia put one ..... on the top of another.  
( tape measure - doll - block )

3- The ..... works in hospital.  
( teacher - doctor - builder )

4- Ahmed is 150 cm. I used ..... to know.  
( screwdriver - tapemeasure - sew )

5- The teacher must be .....  
( patient - curious - bad )

### 3- Look and write four (4) sentences:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....



### 4- Punctuate the following sentence:

I like math english and arabic

.....

## Lesson 5

mail carrier

MAIL CARRIER

## Vocabulary

## Main Vocabulary:



pros

مميزات



cons

عيوب



on one hand

من ناحية



on the other hand

من ناحية أخرى



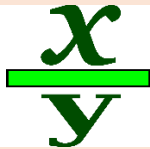
backache

ألم في الظهر



equal

يساوي



division

القسمة



divided by

مقسوماً علي

## Other Vocabulary

name	إسم	class	فصل
week	أسبوع	different	مختلف
bad	سيئ	good	جيد
aunt	عمة - خالة	job	وظيفة
points	نقاط	outside	خارج
great	عظيم	weather	طقس
everybody	كل شخص	mail bag	شنطة بريد
beavy	ثقیل	wake up	يستيقظ
start	يبدأ	exercise	يتدرب

## Expressions

My name is .....

pros and cons

at 6 o'clock

in the morning

speak to

اسمي يكون ....

مزايا و عيوب

في تمام الساعة السادسة

في الصباح

يتمرن

## Reading

My name is Sherifa. In class this week, we're talking about the good and bad things about different jobs. My aunt is a mail carrier in united states. I talked to her about her job and she told me some of the **pros** and **cons**.

Pros and cons of being a mail carrier.

*What's it like to be a mail carrier?*

*There are good and bad points about the job.*

**On one hand**, mail carriers are outside all day. This is great when the weather is good, but it's not fun when the weather is very hot or wet and cold. Mail carriers walk all day and get a lot of exercises. They also speak to a lot of people. This is a nice part of the job. Everybody likes getting mail, so everyone likes meeting the mail carrier.

**On the other hand**. There are also some bad things to think about. Being a mail carrier is no an easy job. The mail bag is very heavy. It can give some mail carriers a **backache**. Another bad things is that they wake up very early. My aunt starts work at 6 o'clock in the morning.





## Math lesson

## Division

## القسمة

أوجد قيمة  $Y$  في المسائل الحسابية التالية:

1)  $100 \div 5 = Y$

$Y = 20$

2)  $100 \div 25 = Y$

$Y = \dots\dots\dots$

3)  $100 \div Y = 2$

$$\frac{100}{Y} = 2$$

$$\frac{2Y}{2} = \frac{100}{2}$$

$$Y = \frac{100}{2}$$

$Y = 50$

4)  $100 \div Y = 5$

 $\dots\dots\dots$  $\dots\dots\dots$  $\dots\dots\dots$  $\dots\dots\dots$ **\* Read and solve the problem:**

There are two hundred children in Grade 6. Today they are going on a school trip.

Each school bus carries 50 children + 1 teacher and 1 driver.

How many buses do they need.

 $\dots\dots\dots$  $\dots\dots\dots$  $\dots\dots\dots$

### 1- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- she told me some of the pros and .....  
( cons - books - classes )
- 2- I ..... up at 6 o'clock in the morning.  
( start - wake - make )
- 3- A ..... is seven days.  
( week - month - season )
- 4- mail ..... is an important job.  
( buyer - seller - carrier )
- 5- The heavy mail bag can give mail carriers a .....  
( toothache - backache - headache )
- 6- Being a mail carrier isn't an ..... job.  
( easy - hard - boring )
- 7- Teachers need to be ..... when students ask questions.  
( angry - mad - patient )

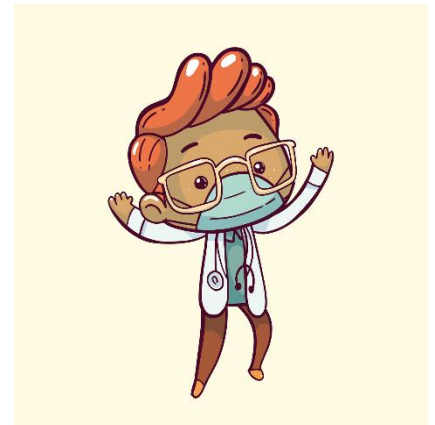
### 2- Circle the odd word out:

- 1- day - week - cleaner - month
- 2- Talia - screwdriver - Lare - Amir
- 3- doctor - mail carrier - plumber - carry
- 4- start - backache - cold - headache

### 3- Answer the problem:

There are one hundred doctors in our city.  
There are five hospitals in our city.  
How many doctors in each hospital?

.....  
.....



**4- Read and answer:**

Being a mail carrier isn't an easy job. Mail carriers are outside all day. This is great when the weather is good, But it's not fun when the weather is very hot or wet and cold. They walk all the day and get a lot of exercise. Also the mail bag is very heavy. It can give the mail carrier a backache. They are very tired when they come back home.

**A) Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- The mail carrier's job is an ..... job.  
( easy - difficult - happy )
- 2- The mail carrier's job isn't fun when the .... is hot or wet and cold.  
( television - weather - shock )
- 3- The mail bag is very .....  
( heavy - light - young )

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- Where are mail carriers all day?

.....

- 2- What do they do all day?

.....

**5- Look and write four (4) sentences:**

.....  
 .....  
 .....  
 .....

**6- Punctuate the following sentence:**

my name is sherifa

.....